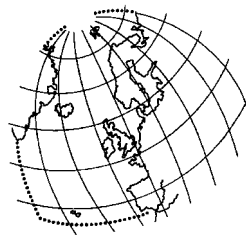


OSPAR Report on Discharges, Spills and Emissions from Offshore Oil and Gas Installations in 2004



OSPAR Commission
2006

The Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment of the North-East Atlantic (the “OSPAR Convention”) was opened for signature at the Ministerial Meeting of the former Oslo and Paris Commissions in Paris on 22 September 1992. The Convention entered into force on 25 March 1998. It has been ratified by Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom and approved by the European Community and Spain.

La Convention pour la protection du milieu marin de l'Atlantique du Nord-Est, dite Convention OSPAR, a été ouverte à la signature à la réunion ministérielle des anciennes Commissions d'Oslo et de Paris, à Paris le 22 septembre 1992. La Convention est entrée en vigueur le 25 mars 1998. La Convention a été ratifiée par l'Allemagne, la Belgique, le Danemark, la Finlande, la France, l'Irlande, l'Islande, le Luxembourg, la Norvège, les Pays-Bas, le Portugal, le Royaume-Uni de Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande du Nord, la Suède et la Suisse et approuvée par la Communauté européenne et l'Espagne.

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contents

Executive Summary/Récapitulatif

1. Introduction
 - 1.1 Programmes and measures
 - 1.2 Annual reporting and biannual assessments
 - 1.3 Assessment
2. Results
 - 2.1 General information
 - 2.2 Glossary

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

- Table 1: Number of installations with emissions and discharges covered by OSPAR measures
- Table 2a: Produced water
- Table 2b: Displacement water
- Table 3: Installations exceeding the 40 mg/l performance standard for dispersed oil
- Table 4a: Use and discharges of oil-based fluids (OBF)
- Table 4b: Use and discharges of non-OBF organic-phase drilling fluids (non-OBF OPF)
- Table 5a: Accidental spillages of oil
- Table 5b: Accidental spillages of chemicals
- Table 6: Emissions to air
- Table 7a: Quantity of offshore chemicals used in kg/year
- Table 7b: Quantity of offshore chemicals discharged in kg/year

Part B: Cumulative report

- Table 1a: Number of installations in the OSPAR maritime area with discharges to the sea, or emissions to the air, 1984-2004
- Table 1b: Total number of installations in the OSPAR maritime area, 1984-2004
- Table 1c: Number of installations by type of installation in the OSPAR maritime area with discharges to the sea, or emissions to the air, 1993-2004
- Table 2a: Oil discharged in displacement and produced water (in tonnes), 1984-2004
- Table 2b: Quantity of displacement and produced water discharged daily to the sea (in m³/day), 1984-2004
- Table 3a: Number of installations with discharges exceeding the 40 mg oil/l performance standard, 1984-2004, and quantity of oil discharged by these installations (in tonnes)
- Table 3b: Number of installations with discharges exceeding the 40 mg oil/l performance standard, 1994-2004, by Contracting Party, and quantity of oil discharged by these installations (in tonnes)
- Table 4a: Quantities of oil and other organic-phase fluids discharged via cuttings (in tonnes), 1984-2004
- Table 4b: Number of wells drilled with OPF, 1984-2000
- Table 4c: Number of wells drilled with OPF, with discharge of contaminated cuttings to the maritime area, 2001-2004
- Table 5a: Number of oil spills (other than flaring), 1994-2004 – Spills less than 1 tonne (≤ 1 T) and spills > 1 T
- Table 5b: Quantity of oil spilled (flaring excluded), 1994-2004

Table 5c:	Number of flaring operations, and quantity of oil spilled through flaring, 1994-2004
Table 6:	Emissions to air, 1992-2004
Table 7a:	Quantity of offshore chemicals on the PLONOR List used and discharged in kg/year, 2001-2004
Table 7b:	Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, on the List of Chemicals for Priority Action (LCPA), 2001-2004
Table 7c:	Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, in inorganic substances with LC ₅₀ or EC ₅₀ less than 1 mg/l, 2001-2004
Table 7d:	Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, in substances where the biodegradation is less than 20% during 28 days
Table 7e:	Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, in substances which meet two of three PBT-criteria, 2001-2004
Table 7f:	Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, in inorganic substances with LC ₅₀ or EC ₅₀ > 1 mg/l, 2001-2004
Table 7g:	Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, in substances ranked according to OSPAR Recommendation 2000/4 and which do not fulfill the criteria of tables 7 a, b, c, d, e and f, 2001-2004
Table 8:	Total discharges and spillage of dispersed oil, in tonnes, 1984-2004

Executive Summary/Récapitulatif

Regular reporting is required in order to review progress in implementing the OSPAR Offshore Industry Strategy and in implementing the OSPAR decisions and recommendations related to offshore oil and gas activities.

Une notification régulière s'impose pour suivre la progression de la mise en œuvre de la stratégie OSPAR visant l'industrie de l'offshore, ainsi que l'application des décisions et des recommandations OSPAR qui visent les activités pétrolières et gazières en offshore.

Since 1978, discharges and waste handling from offshore oil and gas installations have been addressed and regularly reported under the former Paris Convention (PARCOM) and under the OSPAR Convention. Since the beginning of the 1990s air emissions from these installations have been reported as well.

Depuis 1978, les rejets et le traitement des déchets des installations pétrolières et gazières en offshore ont été abordés, et ont fait l'objet de rapports réguliers dans le contexte de l'ancienne Convention de Paris (PARCOM) et de la Convention OSPAR. Depuis le début des années 1990, les émissions atmosphériques de ces installations ont également été notifiées.

The data have been reported using the Data Collection Format for the Annual OSPAR Report on Discharges, Spills and Emissions from Offshore Oil and Gas Installations (reference number 2005-14).

Les données ont été communiquées sur le formulaire de collecte des données, ceci aux fins du rapport annuel OSPAR sur les rejets, les épandages et les émissions des installations pétrolières et gazières (No Référence 2005-14).

Part A of the report compiles 2004 data on the number of installations with emissions and discharges, discharges contaminated with oil, the use and discharge of drilling fluids and cuttings, and chemicals used and discharged offshore. It also reports on accidental spills of oil and chemicals and emissions to air.

Dans la partie A du rapport, sont collationnées les données de 2004 sur le nombre d'installations procédant à des émissions et à des rejets, à des rejets contaminés par des hydrocarbures, sur la consommation et les rejets de fluides de forage, de déblais de forage et de produits chimiques utilisés et rejetés en offshore. Y sont également indiqués les déversements accidentels d'hydrocarbures et de produits chimiques, ainsi que les émissions dans l'atmosphère.

Part B shows the discharges and emissions over the past years (discharge data back to 1984, emissions data back to 1992) to show the trends in discharges and emissions and use of chemicals.

Dans la partie B, sont indiqués les rejets et les émissions au cours des dernières années (les données des rejets depuis 1984, et les données des émissions depuis 1992) afin de mettre en évidence les tendances des rejets et des émissions ainsi que la consommation des produits chimiques.

The annual report 2004 does not assess the findings. The offshore report to be published in 2007 will include data for 2005 as well as an assessment of both the 2004 and 2005 data and the trends.

Le rapport annuel 2004 ne porte aucun jugement sur les constatations. Le rapport sur l'industrie de l'offshore, devant être publié en 2007, comprendra les données relatives à 2005, ainsi qu'une évaluation des données et des tendances de 2004 et 2005.

1. Introduction

1.1 Programmes and measures

The Offshore Oil and Gas Industry Strategy (Offshore Strategy) sets the objective of preventing and eliminating pollution and taking the necessary measures to protect the maritime area against the adverse effects of offshore activities so as to safeguard human health and of conserving marine ecosystems and, when practicable, restoring marine areas which have been adversely affected.

As its timeframe, the Offshore Strategy further declares that the Commission will implement this Strategy progressively and, in so far as they apply, following on and consistent with the commitments made in the other OSPAR Strategies.

The Offshore Strategy provides that OSPAR will address the programmes and measures:

- a. needed to prevent, control and eliminate pollution under Annex III of the OSPAR Convention;
- b. to be adopted under Annex V of the OSPAR Convention following the identification of relevant human activities.

In doing so, the Offshore Strategy requires the Commission to collect information about threats to the marine environment from pollution or from adverse effects from offshore activities; establish priorities for taking action; and establish and periodically review environmental goals to achieve the Offshore Strategy's objectives.

As part of this process, the Commission should develop and keep under review programmes and measures to identify, prioritise, monitor and control the emissions, discharges and losses of substances which could reach the marine environment and which are likely to cause pollution. Regular reporting is therefore required in order to review progress towards the targets of the Offshore Strategy.

Since 1978, discharges and waste handling from offshore oil and gas installations have been addressed and regularly reported under the former Paris Convention (PARCOM) and under the OSPAR Convention. Since the beginning of the 1990s air emissions from these installations have been reported as well. The following relevant measures¹ are applicable under the OSPAR Convention:

Discharges contaminated with oil

- Sampling and analysis procedure for the 40 mg/l target standard (reference number: 1997-16) will be replaced by agreement 2005-15 from 1 January 2007;
- OSPAR Recommendation 2001/1 for the Management of Produced Water from Offshore Installations;

Use and discharge of drilling fluids and cuttings

- OSPAR Decision 2000/3 on the Use of Organic-phase Drilling Fluids (OPF) and the Discharge of OPF-contaminated Cuttings;
- Guidelines for the Consideration of the Best Environmental Option for the Management of OPF-Contaminated Cuttings Residue (reference number: 2002-8);

Chemicals used and discharged offshore

- OSPAR Decision 2000/2 on a Harmonised Mandatory Control System for the Use and Reduction of the Discharge of Offshore Chemicals;
- OSPAR Recommendation 2000/4 on a Harmonised Pre-Screening Scheme for Offshore Chemicals;
- OSPAR Recommendation 2000/5 on a Harmonised Offshore Chemical Notification Format (HOCNF);

and a whole suite of Other Agreements concerning guidance on test methods and completing data sets, and lists of chemicals that will contribute to the implementation of these measures.

¹ All measures referred to in this chapter can be downloaded from the OSPAR website www.ospar.org (under "Offshore Oil and Gas Industry").

1.2 Annual reporting

In 1978, Contracting Parties to the former Paris Convention initiated reporting on discharges and waste handling from offshore oil and gas installations. These data were submitted by Contracting Parties and compiled by the Secretariat and, following examination by the relevant subsidiary bodies, published by the Commission in the form of annual reports; at first as part of the Commission's general annual report, and from 1992 onwards in annual reports on discharges of oil in the Convention area. From 1999 onwards, the annual reports (starting with 1996 and 1997 data) also contain an assessment of discharges, spills and emissions including a description of the trends from the beginning/mid of the 1980s until the date of the report.

Over time, reporting requirements and formats for data collection were regularly reviewed and updated in the light of ongoing work under the Commission as regards offshore installations. With a view to harmonising the way in which data and information are being established and reported, the Programmes and Measures Committee (PRAM) of the OSPAR Commission adopted in 1995 a reporting format and procedures, which set out the requirements for data and information to be provided by Contracting Parties. This reporting format was revised by the Offshore Industry Committee in 2002 for preparing on a trial basis the publication of a more detailed annual report starting with the 2001 data. After evaluation of its first application, the current reporting format (reference number: 2005-14) was confirmed to be used for the submission of data and information for the Annual OSPAR Report on Discharges, Spills and Emissions from Offshore Installations.

1.3 Assessment

The annual report 2004 does not assess the findings. Figures highlighted in yellow still need to be confirmed. The offshore report to be published in 2007 will include data for 2005 as well as an assessment of both the 2004 and 2005 data and the trends.

2. Results

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Part B: Cumulative Report

2.1 General information

The continental decimal system is used throughout this report (with a space as 1000 separator and a comma as decimal separator) with one decimal number after the comma.

NI means No Information available, i.e. unknown or missing data (data different from 0)

NA means Not Applicable, i.e. that the criteria is not relevant. For sums and totals, it is equivalent to 0.

2.2 Glossary

OP is the acronym for organic phase

Organic-phase drilling fluid (OPF) means an organic-phase drilling fluid, which is an emulsion of water and other additives in which the continuous phase is a water-immiscible organic fluid of animal, vegetable or mineral origin

Base fluid means the water immiscible fluid which forms the major part of the continuous phase of the OPS

Drilling fluid means base fluid together with those additional chemicals which constitute the drilling system

Oil-based fluids (OBF) means low aromatic and paraffinic oils and those mineral oil-based fluids that are neither synthetic fluids nor fluids of a class whose use is otherwise prohibited

Synthetic fluid means highly refined mineral oil-based fluids and fluids derived from vegetable and animal sources

Cuttings means solid material removed from drilled rock together with any solids and liquids derived from any adherent drilling fluids

Whole OPF means OPF not adhering to or mixed with cuttings

WBM is the acronym for water-based muds

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 1: Number of installations with emissions and discharges covered by OSPAR measures ^A

Year: 2004

Country	Production ^B		Subsea ^E	Drilling ^F	Other ^G	Total
	Oil ^C	Gas ^D				
Denmark	8	0	0	7,41	0	15,41
Germany ¹	1	2	0	0,175	0	3,175
Ireland	NI	2	2	1	1	6
Netherlands	8	100	6	10	0	124
Norway	47	8	32	7,7	8	102,7
Spain	0	0	0	0	1	1
United Kingdom	80	145	138	32	1	396
Total	144	257	178	58	11	648

A. Platforms are reported separately, even when they are joined by walkways or bridges.

B. Installations are reported as "Production" when production has started, even if drilling is still undergoing. Storage installations are considered as "Production".

C. Installations which produce oil and gas are considered as "oil installations".

D. Installations which produce gas and condensate are considered as "gas installations".

E. One installation per cluster of well heads.

F. Exploration & development drilling rigs with no simultaneous production only. The number is expressed in years-equivalent of activity.

G. Example: offshore underground storage.

¹ = 1 gas platform without any emissions and discharges; the number of drilling platforms increased by 0,175 because of drilling activities for 2 months.

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 2: Produced water and displacement water

This table refers to all waters discharged to the sea (except cooling and sewage water) the quality of which should fit with OSPAR measures (cf. OSPAR Recommendation 2001/1 for the Management of Produced Water from Offshore Installations). Drainage water is considered so far of such little consequence that there is no reporting requirement for OSPAR.

Year: 2004

Table 2a: Produced water ^A

Country	Total number of installations ^B	Annual quantity of water discharged ^C m ³	Annual average oil content (mg/l)			Total amount of oil discharged (tonnes)			Number of installations injecting water ^F	Annual quantity of water injected ^F m ³
			dissolved ^D	dispersed ^D	total ^E	dissolved ^D	dispersed ^D	total ^E		
Denmark	10	19 646 538	14,9	21,7	36,6	292	427	719	3	10 697 293
Germany	1	8 055	90,7	25,1	114,2	0,8	0,2	1	1	185 489
Ireland	NI	3 007	125,16	40,84	166	0,38	0,12	0,5	NI	NI
Netherlands	69	8 509 214	9	14	23	76	119	195	5	6 376 580
Norway	39	142 803 237	10,8	19,1	29,9	1 547	2 723	4 270	20	29 794 046
Spain ¹	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3 808
United Kingdom	107	251 955 792	13	21	34	3 275	5 278	8 553	12	27 921 396
Total	226	422 925 843	12,3	20,2	32,5	5 191	8 547	13 739	42	74 978 612

A. "Produced water" means water which is produced in oil and/or gas production operations and includes formation water, condensation water and re-produced injection water; it also includes water used for desalting oil (Citation from OSPAR Recommendation 2001/1 for the Management of Produced Water from Offshore Installations; definition of produced water).

B. Total number of installations discharging produced water.

C. Total quantity of produced water discharged to the sea during the year.

D. Dissolved and dispersed oils are, by definition, the oily compounds measured according to the PARCOM procedure as described in OSPAR Reference document 1997-16. (IR, 3 or 1 wavelengths). Calculations are based on 1 or 3 wavelengths, depending whether it is aliphatics or aromatics which are to be reported.

E. Total = dissolved + dispersed

F. Produced water only (excluding sea water for pressure maintenance).

¹ The water injected has increased in relation to 2003. The cause is the water formation in Gaviota.

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 2b: Displacement water ^A

Year: 2004

Country	Total number of installations ^B	Annual quantity of water discharged ^C m ³	Annual average oil content (mg/l)			Total amount of oil discharged (tonnes)			Number of installations injecting water ^F	Annual quantity of water injected ^F
			dissolved ^D	dispersed ^D	total ^{E 1}	dissolved ^D	dispersed ^D	total ^{E 2}		
Denmark	2	5 019 593	0,01	0,8	1	0,04	4	4	0	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	NI	NI	0	NI	NI
Netherlands	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	195	1	1 523 310
Norway	6	53 326 642	NI	3	3	NI	158	158	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	1	69 891	10	21	30	1	1	2	0	0
Total	10	58 416 126	NI	2,8	NI	NI	163	NI	1	1 523 310

A. "Displacement water" is the seawater which is used for ballasting the storage tanks of the offshore installations (when oil is loaded into the tanks, the water is displaced, and is discharged to the sea; when oil is downloaded to shuttle tanks, seawater is introduced into the storage tanks to replace the downloaded oil).

B. Total number of installations discharging displacement water.

C. Total quantity of displacement water discharged to the sea during the year.

D. Dissolved and dispersed oils are, by definition, the oily compounds measured according to the PARCOM procedure as described in OSPAR Reference document 1997-16. (IR, 3 or 1 wavelengths). Calculations are based on 1 or 3 wavelengths, depending whether it is aliphatics or aromatics which are to be reported.

E. Total = dissolved + dispersed

F. Displacement water only (excluding sea water for pressure maintenance).

1. When no information is available on the annual average content of dissolved oils, total cannot be determined.
2. When no information is available on the total amount of dispersed oils discharged, total cannot be determined.

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 3: Installations exceeding the 40 mg/l performance standard for dispersed oil

This table concerns installations for which the average annual oil content of the produced water discharged to the sea exceeds the 40 mg/l performance standard as defined in OSPAR Recommendation 2001/1 for the Management of Produced Water from Offshore Installations

Year: 2004

Country/ Installation ^A	Type of installation ^B	Type of water treatment equipment ^C	Quantity of water discharged during the year (10 ³ m ³)	Annual average oil content ^D (mg/l)			Total amount of oil discharged (tonnes per year) ^E		
				dissolved	dispersed	total	dissolved	dispersed	total
Ireland/Alpha Kinsale Head Gasfield	Gas	Coalescer	3	125	41	166	0,4	0,12	0,5
Netherlands/NAM/K15-FA-1	Gas	MPPE	1 877	488	159	647	0,9	0,3	1,2
Norway/Brage	Oil	Hydrocyclone degassing tank, Epcon CFU	4 274	14	46	60	61,0	195,0	256,0
Norway/Oseberg A	Oil	Oily water separator, flotation unit	2 116	24	66	90	51,0	140,0	191,0
Norway Grane	Oil	Hydrocyclone, degassing tank	150	7	58	65	1,0	9,0	10,0
UK/BP Cleeton	Gas	Horizontal Gravity Separator	16	261	40	301	4,2	0,7	4,8
UK/ BP Ravenspurn North	Gas	Three Phase Separator	8,8	141	586	727	1,2	5,1	6,4
UK/West Sole Alpha	Gas	Three Phase Separator	4,0	53	79	132	0,2	0,3	0,5
UK/BP - West Sole Charlie	Gas	Three Phase Separator	12	23,0	111	134	0,29	1,38	2
UK/Centrica Storage Ltd - Rough 47/3A	Gas	Oily Water Separator	2	138,0	212	350	0,34	0,52	1
UK/Centrica Storage Ltd - Rough 47/3B	Gas	Oily Water Separator	0,1	52,0	67	119	0,01	0,01	0
UK/Hydrocarbon Resources Ltd - Morecambe DP1	Gas	Separator/Degasser	19	1	69	70	0,02	1,28	1
UK/Hydrocarbon Resources Ltd - Morecambe DP4	Gas	Discharging through DP1 now	22	1	87	88	0,02	1,86	2
UK/Hydrocarbon Resources Ltd - Morecambe DP6	Gas	Discharging through DP1 now	0,3	1	109	110	0,00	0,03	0
UK/Hydrocarbon Resources Ltd - Morecambe DP8	Gas	Discharging through DP1 now	1	1	48	49	0,00	0,06	0
UK/Mobil North Sea Ltd - Excalibur	Gas	Discharging through DP1 now	3	18,0	90	108	0,05	0,25	0

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Country/ Installation ^A	Type of installation ^B	Type of water treatment equipment ^C	Quantity of water discharged during the year (10 ³ m ³)	Annual average oil content ^D (mg/l)			Total amount of oil discharged (tonnes per year) ^E		
				dissolved	dispersed	total	dissolved	dispersed	total
UK/Mobil North Sea Ltd - Guinevere	Gas	Separator/Degasser	1	42,0	44	86	0,03	0,03	0
UK/Mobil North Sea Ltd - Thames Production Platform	Gas	PW skimmer/Tilted Plate Separator	67	12,0	78	90	0,80	5,24	6
UK/Paladin Resources plc - Montrose Alpha	Oil	Gravity Separator	811	13,0	47	60	10,55	38,01	49
Perenco UK Ltd - Inde 49/23A	Gas	Horizontal Gravity Separator	26	235,0	329	564	6,15	8,60	15
Perenco UK Ltd - Leman 49/27A	Gas	Scrubbers and Coalescer	7	15,0	450	465	0,11	3,18	3
Perenco UK Ltd - Trent 043/24	Gas	Scrubbers, Coalescer and Degasser	0,5	20,0	119	139	0,01	0,06	0
Perenco UK Ltd - Tyne 044/18	Gas	Scrubbers, Coalescer and Degasser	0,02	1116,0	209	1325	0,03	0,00	0
Shell UK Exp and Prod - Leman Alpha	Gas	Gravity Separator	25	6,0	112	118	0,15	2,85	3
Shell UK Exp and Prod - Sean Papa	Gas	Gravity Separator	1	582,0	1 503	2085	0,66	1,70	2
Shell UK Exp and Prod - Solepit Clipper PT	Gas	Gravity Separator	36	69,5	302	372	2,49	10,83	13
Talisman Energy (UK) Ltd - Buchan Alpha	Oil	Hydrocyclones/DGF unit	773	12,0	47	59	9,27	36,67	46
TOTAL E+P UK PLC - Alwyn North B	Oil	3 stage separation	5 496	31,5	50	81	173,13	274,10	447
Total			15 752	20,6	46,8	67,4	324	737	1 061

A. Name of the installation where the discharge took place.

B. Same categories as in table 1: Oil (O), Gas (G), Sub-sea (S), Other (oth) installations.

C. Piece of equipment at the outlet of which the oil content - exceeding 40 mg/l - is measured.

D. The annual average oil content is calculated on the basis of the total weight of oil discharged per year by the installation, divided by the total volume of produced water discharged during the same period.

E. The figures for Contracting Parties' total amount of oil discharged have been rounded up. The overall total value is the exact figure and may differ slightly from the sum of the Contracting Parties' total amount of oil discharged.

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 4: Use and discharges of organic-phase drilling fluids (OPF) ^A

Year: 2004

Table 4a: Use and discharges of oil-based fluids (OBF) ^B

Country	Total amount of OBF used (tonnes)	Cuttings discharged to the sea			OPF cuttings injected		Cuttings transported to shore ^E (tonnes)
		Number of wells concerned	Average oil concentration on cuttings (g/kg)	Total amount of oil discharged ^C (tonnes)	Number of wells concerned	Total amount of cuttings injected ^D (tonnes)	
Denmark	20 909	0	NA	0	3	4 052	8 609
Germany ¹	2 336	0	0	0	0	0	1 799
Ireland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	20 650	0	0	0	0	0	8 364
Norway	132 062	0	NA	0	76	51 691	20 329
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	106 034	0	0	0	14	6 220	24 413
Total OBF	281 991	0	0	0	93	61 963	63 514

A. Organic-phase drilling fluid (OPF) means an organic-phase drilling fluid, which is an emulsion of water and other additives in which the continuous phase is a water-immiscible organic fluid of animal, vegetable or mineral origin.

B. Oil-based fluids (OBF) means low aromatic and paraffinic oils and those mineral oil-based fluids that are neither synthetic fluids nor fluids of a class whose use is otherwise prohibited.

C. Estimated amount of oil discharged to the sea, through the cuttings discharged.

D. Estimated amount of cuttings injected into disposal wells, excluding the water added for slurryfication.

E. Amount of cuttings transported to shore, for treatment and/or disposal.

¹ The total amount of OPF used and the amount of cuttings transported to shore increased because of an increase in drilling activities (2002: 1 well; 2003: 3 wells).

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 4b: Use and discharges of non-OBF organic-phase drilling fluids (non-OBF OPF) ^A

Year: 2004

Country	Total amount of non-OBF OPF used (tonnes)	Cuttings discharged to the sea			OPF cuttings injected		Cuttings transported to shore ^D (tonnes)
		Number of wells concerned	Average organic phase concentration on cuttings (g/kg)	Total amount organic phase fluids discharged ^B (tonnes)	Number of wells concerned	Total amount of cuttings injected ^C (tonnes)	
Denmark	0	0	NA	0	0	0	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Norway	2 298	4	129	425	0	0	0
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	4 422	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total non-OBF OPF	6 720	5	129	425	0	0	0
Grand total OPF ^E	288 711	5	129	425	93	61 963	63 514

A. Definitions in the OSPAR Decision 2000/3 on the Use of Organic-phase Drilling Fluids (OPF) and the Discharge of OPF-contaminated Cuttings:

Organic-phase drilling fluid (OPF) means an organic-phase drilling fluid, which is an emulsion of water and other additives in which the continuous phase is a water-immiscible organic fluid of animal, vegetable or mineral origin;

Oil-based fluids (OBF) means low aromatic and paraffinic oils and those mineral oil-based fluids that are neither synthetic fluids nor fluids of a class whose use is otherwise prohibited;

B. Estimated amount of organic phase discharged to the sea, through the cuttings discharged.

C. Estimated amount of cuttings injected into disposal wells, excluding the water added for slurryfication.

D. Amount of cuttings transported to shore, for treatment and/or disposal.

E. Total OBF + non-OBF OPF.

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 5: Accidental spillages

Year: 2004

Table 5a: Accidental spillages of oil

Country	Number of oil spills		
	≤ 1 tonne	> 1 tonne	Total number
Denmark	70	0	70
Germany	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0
Netherlands	31	1	32
Norway	108	10	118
Spain	0	0	0
United Kingdom	445	13	458
Total	654	24	678

Quantity of oil spilled (tonnes)		
≤ 1 tonne	> 1 tonne	Total number
6	50	56
0	0	0
0	0	0
0,1	1,6	1,7
7	58	65
0	0	0
29	47	76
42,1	156,6	198,7

Table 5b: Accidental spillages of chemicals ^A

Country	Number of chemical spillages		
	≤ 1 tonne	> 1 tonne	Total number
Denmark	0	1	1
Germany	0	0	0
Ireland	0	0	0
Netherlands	3	1	4
Norway	78	31	109
Spain	0	0	0
United Kingdom	41	16	57
Total	122	49	171

Quantity of chemicals spilled (tonnes)		
≤ 1 tonne	> 1 tonne	Total number
0	3	3
0	0	0
0	0	0
0,1	4,0	4,1
22	883	905
0	0	0
5	150	155
27,1	1040,0	1067,1

A. Chemicals: all oil free spillages + non-OBF OPF drilling fluids spillages + oily WBM spillages (lubricant).

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 6: Emissions to air

Year: 2004

Country	CO ₂ ^A (10 ³ tonnes)	NO _x ^B (10 ³ tonnes)	nmVOCs ^C (10 ³ tonnes)	CH ₄ ^D (10 ³ tonnes)	SO ₂ (10 ³ tonnes)
Denmark	2 304	7,2	5,1	8,2	0,48
Germany	32,3	0,1	0,007	0,02	0,002
Ireland	71,30	0,16	0,20	0,53	0,00
Netherlands	1 237	3,74	3,6	11,2	0,13
Norway	11 336	51,6	131,6	30,8	0,6
Spain	35,9	0,0764	0,0865	0,257	0,00021
United Kingdom	18 520	60,1	66,1	54,7	2,94
Total	33 536	123	207	106	4,2

A. CO₂ is carbon dioxide emitted, not the carbon dioxide equivalents of the various greenhouse gases. Carbon monoxide (CO) is not included.

B. NO_x is the sum of nitric oxide (NO) and nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) expressed as NO₂ equivalent. Nitrous oxide (N₂O) is not included as a component of NO_x.

C. VOCs (Volatile Organic Compounds) comprise all hydrocarbons, other than methane, released to the atmosphere.

D. CH₄ corresponds to the methane released to the atmosphere, from any source.

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 7: The use and discharge of offshore chemicals

Year: 2004

Table 7a: Quantity of offshore chemicals used in kg/year

Country	Plonor ^B	"LCPA" ^C	Prescreening Category ^A				Ranking ^H	Total
			LC ₅₀ or EC ₅₀ < 1 mg/l ^D	Biodegradation < 20 % ^E	Substances meet two of three criteria ^F	Inorganic, LC50 or EC50 > 1 mg/l ^G		
Denmark ¹	52 667 440	136	14 839	1 782 941	1 494 033	14 196 383	17 001 572	87 160 754
Germany	977 651	0	0	4833	652 623	0	424 432	2 059 539
Ireland	830 542	NI	NI	NI	26	NI	NI	830 568
Netherlands	26 342 421	0	0	645 108	356 013	2 031 702	2 813 009	34 265 450
Norway	226 932 000	800	0	3 769 100	4 069 000	NI	83 915 000	318 685 900
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	126 364 612	2 285	0	4 227 698	8 014 175	33 542	63 147 289	201 789 601
Total	434 114 666	3 221	14 839	10 429 680	14 585 870	16 261 627	167 301 302	644 791 812

A. According to OSPAR Recommendation 2000/4 on a Harmonised Pre-screening Scheme for Offshore Chemicals and the terminology used in this Recommendation.

B. Substance on OSPAR List of Substances Used and Discharged Offshore which are Considered to Pose Little or no Risk to the Environment (PLONOR)
(Reference Number: 2004-10).

C. Substance listed in the OSPAR List of Chemicals for Priority Action (LCPA) (including its updates). Previously called Annex 2 substances because
it referred to Annex 2 of the 1998 OSPAR Strategy with regard to Hazardous Substances. This Annex 2 has now been replaced by the LCPA. (Reference Number: 2004-12)

D. Inorganic substance with LC₅₀ or EC₅₀ less than 1 mg/l.

E. Biodegradation of the substance is less than 20% during 28 days.

F. Substance meets two of the following three criteria:

- I. (biodegradation in 28 days less than 70% (OECD 301A, 301E) or less than 60% (OECD 301B, 301C, 301F, 306);
- II. bioaccumulation log Pow > 3 or BCF > 100 and considering molecular weight;
- III. toxicity LC50 < 10mg/l or EC50 < 10mg/l.

G. Inorganic substance with LC50 or EC50 over 1 mg/l.

H. Substance does not fulfill the above mentioned criteria (1-7) and is therefore ranked according to OSPAR Recommendation 2000/4.

¹ DK Total includes 3 410 kg of chemicals not pre-screened

Part A: Report relating to 2004 data

Table 7b: Quantity of offshore chemicals discharged in kg/year

Year: 2004

Country	Plonor ^B	"LCPA" ^C	Prescreening Category ^A				Ranking ^H	Total
			LC ₅₀ or EC ₅₀ < 1 mg/l ^D	Biodegradation < 20 % ^E	Substances meet two of three criteria ^F	Inorganic, LC50 or EC50 > 1 mg/l ^G		
Denmark ¹	30 666 043	14	1 215	123 729	301 211	980 564	3 191 761	35 266 136
Germany ²	761 332	0	0	634	9 429	0	69 099	840 494
Ireland	460 057	NI	NI	NI	0,6	NI	NI	460 058
Netherlands	10 946 870	0	0	67 883	40 589	239 625	151 747	11 788 652
Norway	63 582 000	200	0	211 490	81 900	NI	10 599 000	74 474 590
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	64 219 437	191	0	1 734 676	4 062 814	25 964	29 930 079	99 973 161
Total	170 635 739	405	1 215	2 138 412	4 495 944	1 246 153	43 941 686	222 803 091

A. According to OSPAR Recommendation 2000/4 on a Harmonised Pre-screening Scheme for Offshore Chemicals and the terminology used in this Recommendation.

B. Substance on OSPAR List of Substances Used and Discharged Offshore which are Considered to Pose Little or no Risk to the Environment (PLONOR)
Reference Number: 2004-10).

C. Substance listed in the OSPAR List of Chemicals for Priority Action (LCPA) (including its updates). Previously called Annex 2 substances because
it referred to Annex 2 of the 1998 OSPAR Strategy with regard to Hazardous Substances. This Annex 2 has now been replaced by the LCPA. (Reference Number: 2004-12)

D. Inorganic substance with LC₅₀ or EC₅₀ less than 1 mg/l.

E. Biodegradation of the substance is less than 20% during 28 days.

F. Substance meets two of the following three criteria:

I. (biodegradation in 28 days less than 70% (OECD 301A, 301E) or less than 60% (OECD 301B, 301C, 301F, 306);

II. bioaccumulation log Pow > 3 or BCF > 100 and considering molecular weight;

III. toxicity LC₅₀ < 10mg/l or EC₅₀ < 10mg/l.

G. Inorganic substance with LC50 or EC50 over 1 mg/l.

H. Substance does not fulfill the above mentioned criteria (1-7) and is therefore ranked according to OSPAR Recommendation 2000/4.

¹ DK Total includes 1 599 kg of chemicals not pre-screened

² The amount discharged increased because of drilling operations including discharges (2002: only drilling without discharges).

Part B: Cumulative Report

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table1: Number of installations in the OSPAR maritime area

Table 1a: Number of installations in the OSPAR maritime area with discharges to the sea, or emissions to the air, 1984-2004*

Country	1984	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	7	20	20	20	10,5	8	8,23	9	12	15	16	16	19	17	19	15
France ¹	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,1	NI
Germany	1	3	3	4	2	1	1	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2	3
Ireland	1	2	2	2	0	0	0	4	5	2,2	2,5	2,5	4	4	NI	6
Netherlands	30	63	60	88	97	103,5	114,93	113,8	106,3	104,1	105	108	114	114	123	124
Norway ²	13	24	25	34	93	90	83	61	53	54	59	60	65	67	63	103
Spain	1	1	1	1	1	1,5	9	5	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
UK ³	90	79	79	79	81	152	169	193	164	218	186	298	332	381	383	396
Total	143	192	190	228	284,5	356	385,26	387,8	344,3	395,3	371,5	488,5	538	586	592	648 ²

Table 1b ⁴: Total number of installations in the OSPAR maritime area, 1984-2004**

	1984	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total	NI	NI	NI	NI	320	438	459	554	520	560	587	591	NI	1070	1131 ³	1130

¹ France had 1 exploratory well in 1995, and 1 in 2003.

² The fact that Norway reports subsea installations for the first time in 2004 leads to an artificial significant increase in the total.

³ UK has revised its criteria for counting subsea installations as from 2000.

⁴ The increase of the number of installations from year 2002 is mainly due to the change of rules in counting the installations. The numbers given for 2003 and 2004 reflect the current OSPAR database on offshore installations set up in accordance with OSPAR Decision 98/3 on the Disposal of Disused Offshore Installations

* These data are taken from table 1 of Part A of the report.

** These data are taken from the OSPAR inventory on offshore installations

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 1c: Number of installations by type of installation in the OSPAR maritime area with discharges to the sea, or emissions to the air, 1993-2004 *

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Oil	88	104	99	133	120	135	137	174	152	153	146	144
Gas	148	183	204	207	171	164	186	239	223	225	254	257
Subsea	6	6	75	5	6	87	44	6,5	81	120	143	178
Drilling	43	63	7	43	47	9	4	69	76	86	45	58
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	4	11
Total	285	356	385	388	344	395	371	489	537	586	592	648

* These data are taken from table 1 of Part A of the report.

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 2: Oily aqueous discharges to the maritime area *

Table 2a: Oil discharged in displacement and produced water (in tonnes), 1984-2004

Country	1984	1990	1992	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2001	2002	2002	2003	2003
											Dissolved	Dispersed	Dissolved	Dispersed	Dissolved	Dispersed
Denmark	57	36	72	138	129	164	127	174	180	271	205	290	192	294	265	358
Germany	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,045	0,32	0,22	0,42	0,17	0,50	0,20
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0,005	0,02	0,042	0,245	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI
Netherlands	76	262	239	265	231	249	265	204	162	189	82	252	57	148	72	114
Norway	154	460	613	1 009	1 402	1 750	2 332	2 492	2 750	3 047	1 101	3 153	1 165	2 827	906	2 769
Spain	0	0,065	NI	0	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UK	1 430	3 187	4 940	4 615	5 886	5 784	5 789	5 692	5 676	5 751	3 710	5 694	4 260	5 721	3 599	5 276
Total	1 717	3 945	5 864	6 027	7 648	7 947	8 513	8 562	8 768	9 258	5 098	9 390	5 674	8 990	4 843	8 517

Country	2004	2004
	Dissolved	Dispersed
Denmark	292	431
Germany	0,80	0,20
Ireland	0,38	0,12
Netherlands	76	119
Norway	1 547	2 881
Spain	0	0
UK	3 276	5 279
Total	5 192	8710

Table 2b: Quantity of displacement and produced water discharged daily to the sea (in m³/day), 1984-2004

Country	1984	1990	1992	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	NI	NI	NI	14 247	NI	13 425	14 630	18 000	27 435	43 909	46 273	44 158	54 243	67 578
Germany				0		0	0	0	0	14	14	19	18	22
Ireland				NI		7	7,52	6,69	5	6	7	8	NI	8
Netherlands				35 105		35 214	33 895	30 303	25 000	31 820	38 117	24 263	21 381	23 313
Norway				316 029		412 283	438 779	462 969	442 225	461 323	493 342	490 826	524 910	537 342
Spain				NI		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UK				512 657		567 540	642 973	693 151	716 130	652 188	696 482	738 082	719 950	690 481
Total				878 038		1 028 469	1 130 285	1 204 430	1 210 795	1 189 260	1 274 236	1 297 356	1 320 502	1 318 745

* These data are taken from table 2 of Part A of the report.

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 3: Installations which cannot meet OSPAR performance standard for dispersed oil in aqueous discharges^{A*}

Table 3a^B: Number of installations with discharges exceeding the 40 mg oil/l performance standard, 1984-2004, and quantity of oil discharged by these installations (in tonnes)

	1984	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Total number of installations with discharges in the Convention area	143	192	190	228	285	356	385	388	344	395	371	489	537	586	623	648
Number of installations exceeding 40 mg/l	12	70	68	65	64	59	46	45	32	39	28	15	23	20	22	28
Quantity of dispersed oil ¹ discharged	601	2701	2027	4299	1017	1724	2429	840	607	420	153	365	312	216	217	737

1. "Dispersed oil", or aliphatics, as measured according to the PARCOM Procedure described in the "Methods of sampling and analysis for implementing the provisional target standard for discharges from oil and gas production platforms (OSPAR Reference document OSPAR 1997-16)

Table 3b^B: Number of installations with discharges exceeding the 40 mg oil/l performance standard, 1994-2004, by Contracting Party, and quantity of oil discharged by these installations (in tonnes)

Country	1994		1995		1996		1997		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004	
	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged ^c	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged ^c	Number of instal-lations	Amount dis-charged ^c
Denmark	1	3	0	0	2	2	1	4	2	27	2	29	2	42	1	6	0	0	1	52	0	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0,3	1	0,2	0	0	0	0	NI	NI	1	0,12
Netherlands	22	17	20	31	16	5	10	5	10	5	7	4	5	2	3	1	5	2	4	3	1	0,3
Norway	6	187	4	40	3	32	2	46	3	26	2	22	2	81	2	95	1	82	0	0	3	344
Spain	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UK	30	1 517	22	2 359	24	702	19	551	24	362	16	98	5	240	16	210	14	130	17	162	23	393
Total	59	1 724	46	2 430	45	741	32	606	39	420	28	153	15	365	23	313	20	216	22	217	28	737

A. The performance standard of 40 mg/l is defined on the basis of a monthly average. Most Contracting Parties, however, reported until 2000 only installations which exceeded the 40 mg/l performance standard on the basis of an annual average. From 2001 onwards, all the data is based on annual averages.

B. Data in Tables 3a and 3b refer to dispersed oil only.

C. The figures for Contracting Parties' total amount of oil discharged have been rounded up. The overall total value is the exact figure and may differ slightly from the sum of the Contracting Parties' total amount of oil discharged.

* These data are taken from table 3 of Part A of the report.

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 4: Use and discharge of organic-phase drilling fluid (OPF) and cuttings *

Table 4a: Quantities of oil and other organic-phase fluids discharged via cuttings (in tonnes), 1984-2004 *

Country	1984	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
	Oil & Diesel ¹	Oil	Oil	Oil	Oil	Oil	Oil	Oil	Total OPF ²	Total OPF ²	Total OPF ²	Total OPF ²	Total OPF ²	Total OPF ²	Total OPF ²	Total OPF ²
Denmark	676	507	0		0	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	0
Netherlands	1 017	284	142	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Norway	3 466	636	683	83	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2 014	1 127	954	342	425
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UK	19 800	12 312	11 225	7 169	4 588	4 582	3 865	3 965	7 203	5 005	4 591	1 937	200	0	0	0
Total	24 959	13 739	12 050	7 293	4 588	4 582	3 865	3 965	7 234	5 005	4 591	3 951	1 327	954	342	425

¹ Diesel oil represents roughly 10% of total oil & diesel oil discharged in 1984. The discharge of diesel oil ceased in 1985.

² Total OPF is the sum of OBF and non-OBF OPF. No oil-based mud contaminated cuttings have been discharged since 1996

* These data are taken from table 4b of Part A of the report.

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 4b: Number of wells drilled with OPF, 1984-2000

Country	1984 (1)	1990 (1)	1991 (1)	1992 (1)	1993 (1)	1999(2)		2000(2)	
	OBM	OBM	OBM	OBM	OBM	OBM	OPF	OBM	OPF
Denmark	13	20	21	22	32	8	NA	5	NA
Germany	0	1	1	0	0	4	0	3	0
Ireland	NI	4	0	0	NI	NI	NA	NI	NA
Netherlands	56	49	59	52	37	22	0	16	0
Norway	76	96	97	138	116	98	NA	NI	NA
Spain	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	NA	0	NA
United Kingdom	290	314	425	372	336	0	166	133	NA
Total	435	484	603	584	521	132	166	157	NA

(1) data on OBM only for these years. Other OPF not yet in use.

(2) OPF (non-OBF OPF) was only reported on a voluntary basis.

Table 4c: Number of wells drilled with OPF, with discharge of contaminated cuttings to the maritime area, 2001-2004

Country	2001(2)		2002(2)		2003(2)		2004(2)	
	OBF	non-OBF OPF	OBF	non-OBF OPF	OBF	non-OBF OPF	OBF	non-OBF OPF
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	NI	0	0
Ireland	NI	NA	0	1	NI	NI	0	0
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0
Norway	0	24	0	13	0	7	0	4
Spain	0	0	NA	N/A	NA	NA	0	0
United Kingdom	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	3	27	0	14	0	7	17	4

(2) Wells for which all cuttings are re-injected or brought to shore are not taken into account in table 6.

* These data are taken from table 4 of Part A of the report.

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 5: Spillage and flaring of oil *

Table 5a: Number of oil spills, 1994-2004 - Spills less than 1 tonne (≤ 1 T) and spills above 1 tonne (> 1 T)

Country	1994		1995		1996		1997		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004	
	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T
Denmark	105	10	126	1	105	1	71	2	110	0	99	4	69	4	79	0	58	2	82	2	70	0
Germany	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	1	1	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	NI	NI	0	0
Netherlands	82	2	0	61	63	2	63	1	60	0	16	1	27	0	35	1	24	0	33	0	31	1
Norway	349	7	281	14	246	9	245	10	249	15	226	12	198	5	221	7	238	9	121	11	108	10
Spain	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	136	21	129	9	276	19	304	24	366	11	347	11	406	12	408	17	454	16	366	6	445	13
Total	672	40	536	85	690	31	683	37	786	27	688	28	700	22	743	25	774	27	602	19	654	24

Table 5b: Quantity of oil spilled , in tonnes, 1994-2004

Country	1994		1995		1996		1997		1998		1999		2000		2001		2002		2003		2004**	
	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T	≤ 1 T	> 1 T
Denmark	<26	10	<66	1	7,3	1,1	11,7	2,8	11	0	11	9	5,5	402,5	15	0	7	21	12	6,8	6	50
Germany	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	<1	0	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	NI	NI	0	0
Netherlands	<8,2	2	1,5	0	1	38	0,9	18	1,26	0	1	5,6	0,5	0	0,8	3,04	1	0	0,179	0	0,119	1,625
Norway	32	23	28	89	37	26	35,6	72,4	25	131	23	114	16	12	18,4	24,7	16,5	76,4	47	690	7	58
Spain	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom ¹	17,8	155,2	19,2	64,5	80,9	45,1	34,1	828,9	36,9	97,1	42	77	38	36	33,5	509,1	31,24	60,46	21	47	29	47
Total	<84	190,2	<114,7	154,5	126,2	110,2	82,3	922,1	<74,2	228,1	77	205,6	60	453,5	68	537	56	158	80	744	42	157

1. Revised data for 2001: Pipeline leak investigated in 2001 resulted in operator being fined for a discharge of 450 tonnes of crude oil

Table 5c: Number of flaring operations, and quantity of oil spilled through flaring, in tonnes, 1994-2003

Country	Number of flaring operations										Quantity of oil spilled (tonnes)									
	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Denmark	1	2	0	4	5	3	0	0	0	0	4	0,1	0	NI	0,02	0,5	0	0	0	0
Germany	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	NI	NI	0	0	1	NI	NI	0	0	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	NI	NI	0	0	NI
Netherlands	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,01	0,01	0	0	0	0	0	0
Norway	NI	NI	0	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	5	12	NI	NI	0	NI	NI	NI	6,1	14,1	0,8	3,7
Spain	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	NA	0	0	0	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	NI	0	0	0
United Kingdom	3	7	5	13	15	4	5	10	11	10	1,09	0,62	1,4	0,94	3,19	1,35	4	1,35	5	0,5
Total	4	9	7	19	21	7	5	10	16	22	5,1	0,7	1,4	1,0	3,2	1,9	10,1	15,45	5,8	4,2

* These data are taken from table 5 of Part A of the report.

* From 2004 onwards flaring spillages are included in oil spillages (see table 5c)

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 6: Emissions to air, 1992-2004 *

CO ₂ (10 ⁶ tonnes)											
Country	1992	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	NI	1,23	1,58	1,64	1,87	2,47	2,3	2,2	2,2	2,2	2,3
Germany	0,01	0,01	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,09	0,01	0,02	0,01	0,02	0,0
Ireland	NI	NI	0,10	0,025	0,11	0,1	0,09	0,08	0,07	NI	0,07
Netherlands	NI	1,22	1,11	1,19	1,59	1,29	1,20	1,33	1,33	1,27	0,13
Norway	7,5	8,1	8,9	8,47	9,34	9,38	10,09	11,1	10,79	11,40	11,34
Spain	0,86	NI	0,025	0,03	0	0	0,03	0,02	0,04	0,03	0,03
United Kingdom	79,36	20,46	15,9	19,1	20,9	19,8	18,3	19	19,9	18,79	18,52
Total	88	31	28	30	34	33	32	34	34	34	32

NO _x (10 ³ tonnes)											
1992	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
NI	6,24	6,77	8,4	NI	13,62	12,3	5,35	5,30	5,30	7,2	
0,12	0,05	0,08	0,10	0,04	0,13	0,07	0,06	0,04	0,08	0,1	
NI	NI	0,25	0,61	0,26	0,2	0,17	0,18	0,16	NI	0,16	
NI	5,7	5,08	5,83	5,05	4,64	5,64	4,8	5	6,6	3,74	
31,3	32	34,7	43	46,1	41	44,2	51	48,7	50,3	51,6	
0,8	NI	0,113	0,14	0	0	0,11	0,04	0,08	0,07	0,076	
195,7	56,69	38,8	57,8	66,7	55,8	45,8	53,5	69,43	61,25	60,1	
228	101	86	116	118	115	108	115	129	124	123	

VOCs (10 ³ tonnes)											
Country	1992	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	NI	1	1	1	NI	2	9	10	10	8	5
Germany	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ireland	NI	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NI	0
Netherlands	NI	10	7	5	8	8	6	6	5	5	4
Norway	122	99	182	189	174	191	213	229	198	165	132
Spain	0	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom	208	76	59	107	80	75	73	87	93	79	66
Total	331	185	249	302	262	276	301	332	307	257	207

CH ₄ (10 ³ tonnes)											
1992	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	
NI	2	2	3	5	2	3	10	7	7	8	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
NI	NI	1	1	3	16	1	25	0	NI	1	
NI	55	41	25	21	20	15	16	13	19	11	
11	13	26	29	26	29	29	34	32	31	31	
1	NI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
226	70	56	79	72	65	56	57	52	51	55	
238	140	126	136	126	132	104	142	105	108	106	

SO ₂ (10 ³ tonnes)											
Country	1992	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	NI	NI	0,1	0,1	0,1	0,3	0,3	0,6	0,3	0,4	0
Germany	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
Ireland	NI	NI	0,0	0,0	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
Netherlands	NI	0,4	0,5	0,4	0,2	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,2	0,2	0
Norway	NI	0,2	0,3	0,0	0,6	0,1	1,4	0,9	0,8	0,6	1
Spain	NI	NI	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
United Kingdom	31,4	10,4	2,3	13,9	11,6	9,7	6,4	6,3	2,0	2,6	3
Total	31,4	11,0	3,2	14,4	12,7	10,3	8,2	8,0	3,3	3,7	4,2

* These data are taken from table 6 of Part A of the report.

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 7: The use and discharge of offshore chemicals

Year: 2001-2004

Table 7a: Quantity of offshore chemicals on the PLONOR* List used and discharged in kg/year

Country	Quantity of chemicals used (kg)			
	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	92 514 186	72 358 514	60 382 417	52 667 440
France	0	0	526 654	NI
Germany	21 300	4 000	1 098 862	977 651
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	830 542
NL	23 995 497	NI	31 899 171	26 342 421
Norway	NI	NI	237 163 000	226 932 000
Spain	0	NA	1 272 695	0
UK	163 353 409	249 030 742	255 774 970	126 364 612
Total	279 884 392	321 393 256	588 117 769	434 114 666

Quantity of chemicals discharged (kg)			
2001	2002	2003	2004
51 541 713	50 619 400	38 246 458	30 666 043
0	0	526 654	NI
19 170	3 600	517 593	761 332
NI	NI	NI	460 057
12 580 602	NI	10 920 587	10 946 870
115 098 100	102 934 930	78 976 000	63 582 000
0	NA	976 450	0
72 045 032	109 474 671	113 811 824	64 219 437
251 284 617	263 032 601	243 975 566	170 635 739

* Substance on OSPAR List of Substances Used and Discharged Offshore which are Considered to Pose Little or no Risk to the Environment (PLONOR)

(Agreement Number: 2004-10).

Table 7b: Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, on the List of Chemicals for Priority Action (LCPA)*

Country	Quantity of chemicals used (kg)			
	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	0	900	606	136
France	0	0	0	NA
Germany	0	0	0	0
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI
NL	2 042	NI	302	0
Norway	NI	NI	844	800
Spain	0	NA	0	0
UK	0	222	2 090	2 285
Total	2 042	1 122	3 842	3 221

Quantity of chemicals discharged (kg)			
2001	2002	2003	2004
0	300	60	14
0	0	0	NA
0	0	0	0
NI	NI	NI	NI
145	NI	271	0
917	765	240	200
0	NA	0	0
0	46	171	191
1 062	1 111	742	405

* Substance listed in the OSPAR List of Chemicals for Priority Action (LCPA) (including its updates). (Reference number: 2004-12)

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 7: The use and discharge of offshore chemicals

Year: 2001-2004

Table 7c: Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, in inorganic substances with LC₅₀ or EC₅₀ less than 1 mg/l

Country	Quantity of chemicals used (kg)			
	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	18 164 615	85 194	128 622	14 839
France	0	0	0	NA
Germany	0	0	2 000	0
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI
NL	260	NI	0	0
Norway	NI	NI	0	0
Spain	0	NA	0	0
UK	0	0	0	0
Total	18 164 875	85 194	130 622	14 839

Quantity of chemicals discharged (kg)			
2001	2002	2003	2004
156 968	43 443	58 553	1 215
0	0	0	NA
0	0	0	0
NI	NI	NI	NI
1	NI	0	0
771	100	0	0
0	NA	0	0
0	0	0	0
157 740	43 543	0	1 215

Table 7d: Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, in substances where the biodegradation is less than 20% during 28 days

Country	Quantity of chemicals used (kg)			
	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	1 041 714	1 324 413	1 813 142	1 782 941
France	0	0	0	NI
Germany	0	0	3 239	4 333
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI
NL	1 112 344	NI	4 279 111	645 108
Norway	NI	NI	3 450 000	3 769 100
Spain	0	NA	0	0
UK	12 826 964	4 934 729	8 240 728	4 227 698
Total	14 981 022	6 259 142	17 786 220	10 429 180

Quantity of chemicals discharged (kg)			
2001	2002	2003	2004
200 844	166 387	163 236	123 729
0	0	0	NI
0	0	3 104	634
NI	NI	NI	NI
9 592	NI	64 041	67 883
733 970	796 810	331 000	211 490
0	NA	0	0
2 247 435	1 328 207	1 547 258	1 734 676
3 191 841	2 291 404	2 108 639	2 138 412

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 7: The use and discharge of offshore chemicals

Year: 2001-2004

Table 7e: Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year in substances which meet two of three PBT-criteria*

Country	Quantity of chemicals used (kg)			
	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	1 695 332	1 353 975	1 341 775	1 494 033
France	0	0	0	NA
Germany	18500	20 337	1 132 505	652 623
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	26
NL	919 017	NI	3 918 807	356 013
Norway	NI	NI	4 023 000	4 069 000
Spain	0	NA	0	0
UK	6 339 638	9 323 127	9 836 007	8 014 175
Total	8 972 487	10 697 439	20 252 094	14 585 870

Quantity of chemicals discharged (kg)			
2001	2002	2003	2004
347 438	332 519	206 293	301 211
0	0	0	NA
175	183	1 372	9 429
NI	NI	NI	1
5 703	NI	11 368	40 589
327 472	210 150	293 000	81 900
0	NA	0	0
895 102	1 051 622	1 318 525	4 062 814
1 575 890	1 594 474	1 830 558	4 495 944

* The criteria are as follows:

- I. (biodegradation in 28 days less than 70% (OECD 301A, 301E) or less than 60% (OECD 301B, 301C, 301F, 306);
- II. bioaccumulation log Pow > 3 or BCF > 100 and considering molecular weight;
- III. toxicity LC50 < 10mg/l or EC50 < 10mg/l.

Table 7f: Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year in inorganic substances with LC₅₀ or EC₅₀ > 1 mg/l*

Country	Quantity of chemicals used (kg)			
	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark				14 196 383
France				NA
Germany				0
Ireland				NI
NL				2 031 702
Norway				NI
Spain				0
UK				33 542
Total				16 261 627

Quantity of chemicals discharged (kg)			
2001	2002	2003	2004
			980 564
			NA
			0
			NI
			239 625
			NI
			0
			25 964
			1 246 153

* No data have been submitted prior to 2004

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 7: The use and discharge of offshore chemicals

Year: 2001-2004

Table 7g: Quantity of offshore chemicals used and discharged in kg/year, in substances ranked according to OSPAR Recommendation 2000/4 and which do not fulfill the criteria of tables 7 a, b, c, d, e and f

Country	Quantity of chemicals used (kg)			
	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	16 890 132	29 776 007	28 646 471	17 001 572
France	0	0	3 025	NA
Germany	55 700	84 900	361 531	424 432
Ireland	NI	NI	NI	NI
NL	7 339 587	NI	3 809 425	2 813 009
Norway	NI	NI	79 178 000	83 915 000
Spain	0	NA	16 950	0
UK	163 288 565	49 435 450	27 483 033	63 147 289
Total	187 573 984	79 296 357	139 498 435	167 301 302

Quantity of chemicals discharged (kg)			
2001	2002	2003	2004
5 009 968	4 580 064	4 194 417	3 191 761
0	0	3 025	NA
0	0	19 944	69 099
NI	NI	NI	NI
311 191	NI	157 936	151 747
11 815 950	10 897 930	10 977 000	10 599 000
0	NA	3 450	0
48 535 999	16 904 059	11 101 380	29 930 079
65 673 108	32 382 053	26 457 152	43 941 686

Part B: Cumulative Report

Table 8: Total discharges and spillage of dispersed oil, in tonnes, 1984-2004

Country	1984	1990	1992	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
Denmark	763	543	81	178	196	172	173	185	201	679	305	322	377	487
Germany	0	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
Ireland	0	NI	NI	NI	NI	NI	0	1	0,042	0,245	0	0	NI	0
Netherlands	1 153	546	285	275	232	288	284	205	169	190	256	149	114	231
Norway	3 900	1 096	1 491	1 064	1 519	1 813	2 440	2 648	2 887	3 075	3 210	2 921	3 506	2 946
Spain	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
United Kingdom ¹	21 360	15 499	12 335	9 371	9 835	9 876	13 856	10 832	10 387	5 473	6 010	5 817	5 345	5 355
Total	27 176	17 684	14 192	10 888	11 783	12 150	16 752	13 872	13 643	9 420	9 782	9 209	9 342	9 019

Notes :Spillages are not taken into account for 1990.

From 1997-1999, UK data include OPF.

Total for 2000 and the following years is the sum of tables 3a, 7b and 7c plus the OBF fraction of table 5 in part B.

¹ Revised data for 2001: Pipeline leak investigated in 2001 resulted in operator being fined for a discharge of 450 tonnes of crude oil