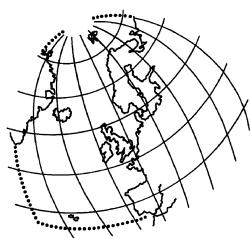


**Monitoring and Assessment Series**

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## **Comprehensive Atmospheric Monitoring Programme:**

### **Pollutant depositions and air quality around the North Sea and the North-East Atlantic in 2006**



**OSPAR Commission  
2008**

The Convention for the Protection of the Marine Environment of the North-East Atlantic (the “OSPAR Convention”) was opened for signature at the Ministerial Meeting of the former Oslo and Paris Commissions in Paris on 22 September 1992. The Convention entered into force on 25 March 1998. It has been ratified by Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Iceland, Ireland, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom and approved by the European Community and Spain.

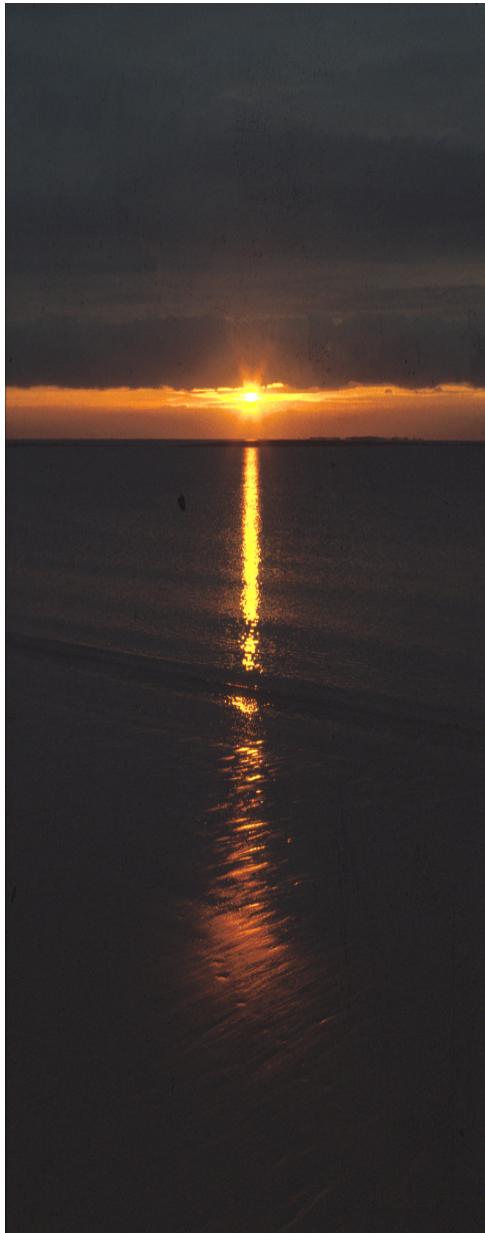
*La Convention pour la protection du milieu marin de l'Atlantique du Nord-Est, dite Convention OSPAR, a été ouverte à la signature à la réunion ministérielle des anciennes Commissions d'Oslo et de Paris, à Paris le 22 septembre 1992. La Convention est entrée en vigueur le 25 mars 1998. La Convention a été ratifiée par l'Allemagne, la Belgique, le Danemark, la Finlande, la France, l'Irlande, l'Islande, le Luxembourg, la Norvège, les Pays-Bas, le Portugal, le Royaume-Uni de Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande du Nord, la Suède et la Suisse et approuvée par la Communauté européenne et l'Espagne.*

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Comprehensive  
Atmospheric  
Monitoring  
Programme:

**Pollutant depositions  
and air quality around  
the North Sea and the  
North-East Atlantic in  
2006**

**OSPAR Commission  
for the Protection of the Marine  
Environment  
of the North-East Atlantic**

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## Executive Summary

This report presents the results of monitoring undertaken by OSPAR Contracting Parties for the Comprehensive Atmospheric Monitoring Programme (CAMP) during 2006. Under the CAMP, OSPAR Contracting Parties are committed to monitoring, on a mandatory basis, the concentrations of a range of heavy metals, organic compounds and nutrients in precipitation and air, and their depositions. The CAMP also encourages OSPAR Contracting Parties to monitor, on a voluntary basis, additional compounds (such as certain persistent organic pollutants). The report gives detailed information on observed atmospheric inputs of selected contaminants to the OSPAR maritime area and its regions during 2006.

Overall, reporting in 2006 has remained at a reasonably high level, with over 80% achievement of the mandatory monitoring of contaminants. Reporting on concentrations of lindane and mercury remained, however, patchy (approximately 50% compliance). Reporting of data on mandatory airborne pollutants was less complete and that of voluntary airborne components patchy with about 50% coverage. As in previous years, some Contracting Parties provided extensive reporting of components not required by CAMP. The quality of data reported for 2006 has shown some improvement although questions over some data remained.

In general, the data for 2006, when compared with previous years, showed that although concentrations of heavy metals in air and precipitation were decreasing, concentrations of nitrogen components remained consistent with levels in previous years. Seasonal patterns of nitrogen were much as would be expected, with an ammonium peak in the late spring, and a nitrate peak during the winter. The dominant role of ammonium in coastal locations was evident in its 2:1 ratio to nitrate concentrations in the late spring period, when marine productivity would be high, and the approximate equal concentrations during the winter nitrate maximum.

Deposition of lindane continued to show a relatively consistent decline across most monitoring stations. Yet concentrations were not reducing markedly and a spring peak could be observed. This may indicate either continued use from stockpiles or transboundary transport from regions outside the North-East Atlantic. Seven years after the final phase out of lindane in Europe, these observations demonstrate the benefit of monitoring beyond timeframes of managerial action.

## Récapitulatif

Le présent rapport comporte les résultats de la surveillance continue effectuée par les Parties contractantes OSPAR, en 2006, dans le cadre du Programme exhaustif de surveillance continue de l'atmosphère (CAMP). Les Parties contractantes OSPAR sont tenues de surveiller obligatoirement les teneurs de toute une gamme de métaux lourds, de composés organiques et de nutriments dans les précipitations et l'atmosphère, ainsi que leurs retombées, ceci dans le cadre du CAMP. Celui-ci encourage également les Parties contractantes OSPAR à surveiller de manière facultative des composés supplémentaires (tels que les polluants organiques persistants). Le rapport fournit des informations détaillées sur les apports atmosphériques de contaminants sélectionnés à la zone maritime OSPAR et à ses régions relevés en 2006.

Dans l'ensemble, la notification se maintient à un niveau élevé raisonnable en 2006 - la surveillance obligatoire des contaminants ayant dépassé 80%. La notification des concentrations de lindane et de mercure reste cependant inégale (environ 50%). La notification des données sur les polluants aéroportés obligatoires est moins complète et celle sur les composants aéroportés est inégale, sa couverture représentant environ 50%. De même que les années précédentes, certaines Parties contractantes ont notifié de manière extensive des composés qui ne sont pas requis par le CAMP. La qualité des données notifiées pour 2006 est meilleure mais des questions subsistent pour certaines données.

Dans l'ensemble, les données pour 2006 révèlent que les concentrations de métaux lourds dans l'air et les précipitations ont baissé par rapport aux années précédentes mais que celles des composés d'azote restent inchangées. Les tendances saisonnières de l'azote sont prévisibles, l'ammonium présentant un maximum vers la fin du printemps et le nitrate en hiver. Il est évident, selon le rapport ammonium nitrate de 2:1 dans les concentrations que l'ammonium a un rôle prédominant dans les sites côtiers vers la fin du printemps lorsque la productivité marine est élevée et des concentrations approximativement égales pendant les mois d'hiver lorsque le nitrate est à son maximum.

Les retombées de lindane accusent encore un déclin relativement constant dans la plupart des stations de surveillance. Les concentrations ne diminuent cependant pas de manière notable et on relève un maximum au printemps. Ceci peut indiquer soit un usage continu des réserves soit un transport transfrontière à partir des régions situées en dehors de l'Atlantique du Nord-est. Sept ans après le retrait final du lindane en Europe, ces observations montrent les avantages que présente la surveillance réalisée au-delà du calendrier des mesures de gestion.

# Pollutant depositions and air quality around the North Sea and the North-East Atlantic in 2006

## 1. Introduction

This report collates and describes the observations from coastal monitoring stations across the OSPAR region (see Figure 1.1) under the Comprehensive Atmospheric Monitoring Programme (CAMP), this forming one element within the wider Joint Assessment and Monitoring Programme of OSPAR. The CAMP aims to assess, as accurately as appropriate, the atmospheric input of the selected contaminants to the maritime area and regions thereof (Figure 1.1) on an annual basis through monitoring the concentrations of selected contaminants in precipitation and air, and determining their deposition. The monitoring regime employed is set out in the CAMP Principles (OSPAR reference number: 2001-7), describing the relevant substances, sampling approach, locations and frequency, and assessment methodologies.



Figure 1.1: OSPAR maritime area and regions. I: Arctic waters, II: Greater North Sea, III: Celtic Seas, IV: Bay of Biscay, V: Wider Atlantic

The components of interest to the CAMP are divided into two groups, for measurement on a mandatory basis and for measurement on a voluntary basis. These are listed in Table 1.1.

*Table 1.1: Components to be measured under the CAMP*

	<b>Mandatory</b>	<b>Voluntary</b>
<b>Precipitation</b>	As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni, Zn, $\gamma$ -HCH, $\text{NH}_4^+$ , $\text{NO}_3^-$	PCB 28,52,101,118,138,153,180 PAHs: Phenanthrene, anthracene, fluoranthene, pyrene, benzo(a)anthracene, chrysene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(ghi)perylene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
<b>Airborne</b>	$\text{NO}_2$ , $\text{HNO}_3$ , $\text{NH}_3$ , $\text{NH}_4^{+a}$ , $\text{NO}_3^{-a}$	As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg, Ni, Zn, $\gamma$ -HCH, PCB 28,52,101,118,138,153,180, PAHs: Phenanthrene, anthracene, fluoranthene, pyrene, benzo(a)anthracene, chrysene, benzo(a)pyrene, benzo(ghi)perylene, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, NO

<sup>a</sup>) total ammonium ( $\text{NH}_3 + \text{NH}_4^+$ ) and total nitrate ( $\text{HNO}_3 + \text{NO}_3^-$ ) is an alternative

The CAMP Principles call for each Contracting Party bordering the OSPAR maritime area (excluding the EU) to operate at least one monitoring station on the coast and/or offshore as part of the CAMP. Where Parties border more than one region (see Figure 1.1) at least one station should be operating in each. These stations should be so-called background stations, i.e. not directly influenced by local emission sources. The stations should be located not more than 10 km from the coastline.

The data assembled by monitoring stations are reported by Contracting Parties to the Norwegian Institute for Air Research (NILU) on a yearly basis, using a reporting format and according to the time schedule set out in the CAMP Principles. Based on the data received, NILU prepares a CAMP data report on an annual basis for OSPAR to examine.

The present CAMP data report "Pollutant depositions and air quality around the North Sea and the North-East Atlantic in 2006" gives in chapter 2 an overview of reported data and the implementation of the CAMP Principles in 2006. The geographical coverage, the contaminants from the Mandatory and Voluntary lists which have been monitored, and the timeliness of data submission are presented. In chapter 3, an overview is given of the 2006 annual average values of the components subject to mandatory monitoring for the North-East Atlantic. Estimates of depositions calculated using "Method 3a" as laid down in the CAMP Principles is intended for chapter 4. These estimates await the receipt of further observation data. Chapter 5 summarises the report's observations on the reported CAMP data for 2006. The data submitted by Contracting Parties are appended to this report (Appendix 1).

## 2. The OSPAR CAMP Monitoring Programme in 2006

### 2.1 Geographical coverage

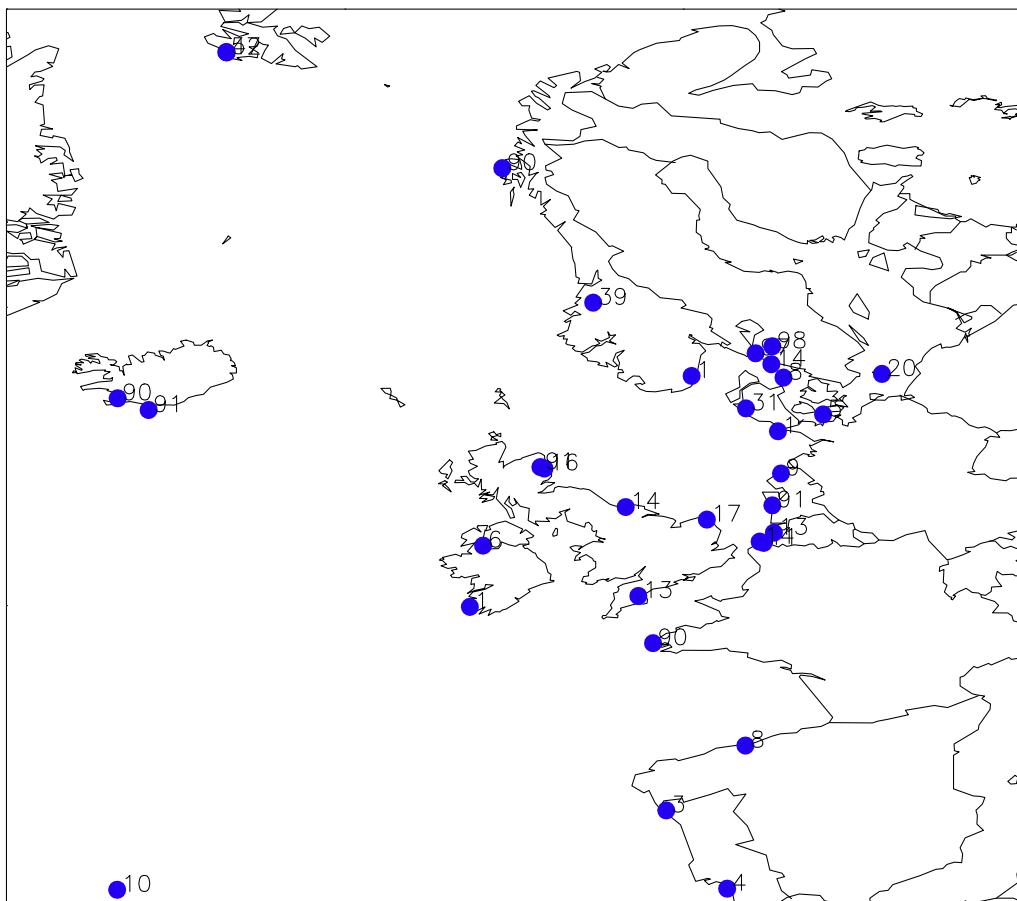


Figure 2.1: Monitoring sites reporting to OSPAR in 2006.

The reporting network during 2006 did not change, although there were minor changes in which components were observed at each station. Despite the mandatory label applied to the first column of components in table 1.1, not all stations did report data for all components., as commented in section 2.2. Table 2.1 details the locations of monitoring stations, and indicates the broad nature of monitoring undertaken: observation of the deposition of pollutants in precipitation (p), and/or monitoring of ambient air quality (a).

Table 2.1: Stations reporting to OSPAR in 2006.

Country	Station number	Station name	OSPAR Region	Lat.	Long.	Elev. (m)	Distance to sea (km)	Precip.(p) airborne(a)
<b>Iceland</b>	IS0090R	Irafoss	I	64°08' N	21°54' W	52	1	p
	IS0091R	Storhofdi	I	63°24' N	20°17' W	118	0.5	pa
<b>Norway</b>	NO0057R	Ny-Ålesund	I	78°55' N	11°55' E	8	0.3	p
	NO0042R	Zepellinfjell	I	78°54' N	11°53' E	474	2	a
	NO0039R	Kårvatn	I	62°47' N	8°53' E	210	70	pa
	NO0001R	Birkenes	II	58°23' N	8°15' E	190	20	pa
<b>Belgium</b>	BE0011R	Moerkerke	II	51°15' N	3°21' E	10	12	a
	BE0013R	Houtem	II	51°01' N	2°35' E	0	9	a
	BE0014R	Koksijde	II	51°7' N	2°30' E	7	1.5	pa
<b>Netherlands</b>	NL0009R	Kollumerwaard	II	53°20' N	6°17' E	1	7.5	pa
	NL0091R	De Zilk	II	52°18' N	4°31' E	4	2.5	pa
<b>Germany</b>	DE0001R	Westerland	II	54°56' N	8°19' E	12	0.09	pa
<b>Denmark</b>	DK0005R	Keldsnor	II	54°44' N	10°44' E	10		p
	DK0008R	Anholt	II	56°43' N	11°31' E	40	~0.5	pa
	DK0020R	Pedersker	II	55°01' N	14°57' E	5		p
	DK0031R	Ullborg	II	56°17' N	8°26' E	40	20	pa
<b>Sweden</b>	SE0014R	Råö	II	57°24' N	11°55' E	10	0.1	pa
	SE0097R	Gårdsjön	II	58°03' N	12°01' E	113	12	p
<b>United Kingdom</b>	GB0013R	Yarner Wood	II	50°36' N	3°43' W	119	16.9	pa
	GB0014R	High Muffles	II	54°20' N	0°48' W	267	20.8	pa
	GB0016R	Glen Saugh	II					pa
	GB0091R	Banchory	II	57°05' N	2°32' W	120	23.6	pa
	GB0017R	Heigham Holmes	II	52°43' N	1°37' E	0	4.4	pa
	GB0006R	Lough Navar	III	54°26' N	7°54' W	130	18.8	pa
<b>Ireland</b>	IE0001R	Valentia Island	III	51°56' N	10°15' W	9	0	p
<b>France</b>	FR0090R	Porspoder	II/IV	48°30' N	4°46' W	30	0.5	p
<b>Spain</b>	ES0008R	Niembro	IV	43°26'N	4°51' W	115	~0.5	pa
<b>Portugal</b>	PT0003R	Viana do Castelo	IV	41°42' N	8°48' W	16	4	p
	PT0004R	Monte Velho	IV	38°05' N	8°48' W	43	1.5	p
	PT0010R	Angra do Heroísmo	V	38°40' N	27°13' W	74	1	p

## 2.2 Completion of the observation programmes

The Comprehensive Atmospheric Monitoring Programme (CAMP) can provide ground truth data on atmospheric pollution of OSPAR waters in a coordinated and geographically appropriate manner. Full observance of the Mandatory components to be monitored, for both precipitation and airborne contaminants, was made by Germany, Netherlands, Norway and Sweden. In addition, Belgium and Portugal also undertook the mandatory programme for components in precipitation, and Denmark and Spain implemented the Mandatory programme for airborne contaminants. The least reported contaminants are mercury (6 reporting Parties, unchanged since 2003) and lindane (6 reporting, unchanged since 2003). Two Contracting Parties, France and Ireland, chose not to report any mandatory air components. From the combined numbers of Contracting Parties and of pollutants, the percentage fulfilment of the mandatory contaminant monitoring can be determined, based on the assumption that full completion of the programme would be represented by delivery of 12 monthly averages which pass quality control criteria for each of the listed components. The Mandatory programme for components in precipitation, for example, contains 11 substances and that for airborne concentrations contains at least 3 substances, so that 14 x 12 month averages successfully meeting

quality control criteria would be needed to achieve 100% delivery. After rising from 78% in 2003, to 83% in both 2004 and 2005, observance was little changed at 82% in 2006.

*Table 2.2: Mandatory monitoring of contaminants in precipitation for 2006.  
Dots indicate reported observations*

	As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Pb	Hg	Ni	Zn	$\gamma$ -HCH	NH <sub>4</sub>	NO <sub>3</sub>
Belgium	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Denmark	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•
France			•	•	•		•	•		•	•
Germany	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Iceland	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
Ireland	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•
Netherlands	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Norway	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Portugal	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Spain	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		•	•
Sweden	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
United Kingdom	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•

*Table 2.3: Mandatory monitoring of contaminants in air for 2006.  
Dots indicate reported observations*

	NO <sub>2</sub>	NO <sub>3</sub>	NHx
Belgium	•		
Denmark	•	•	•
France			
Germany	•	•	•
Iceland		•	
Ireland			
Netherlands	•	•	•
Norway	•	•	•
Portugal			
Spain	•	•	•
Sweden	•	•	•
United Kingdom*			

\* United Kingdom delivered after report completion

Fulfilment of the CAMP programme expressed as a percentage calculated as explained previously is shown in table 2.4 There is an optional approach to monitoring airborne nitrogen compounds, and the estimates assume the minimum approach, i.e. combined NH<sub>3</sub>+NH<sub>4</sub> sampling is sufficient, as is combined NO<sub>3</sub>+HNO<sub>3</sub>. Where monitoring is of separate compounds, the full complement must then be reported to achieve 100%. One weakness is that values below detection limits are accredited as passing quality control criteria. CAMP procedures assign an assumed value of 50% of the detection limit in such cases. Percentage fulfilment would fall markedly in some cases if such values were rejected. The table also gives the number of additional compounds being reported, i.e. compounds additional to either the Mandatory or the Voluntary lists. Non-observation of mercury and lindane accounts for much of fulfilment shortfall for mandatory precipitation. Also, some countries do not implement the mandatory airborne programme, or the voluntary precipitation programme. Lack of data for occasional months accounts for remaining deficits, e.g. sample contamination, or from suspended monitoring during improvement work, e.g. Germany.

Table 2.4: Percentage completion of the CAMP programme.

	Precipitation		Airborne		no. Extra
	Mandatory	Voluntary	Mandatory	Voluntary	
<b>Belgium</b>	100,0	0,0	33,3	34,3	9
<b>Denmark</b>	81,8	0,0	88,9	48,6	4
<b>France</b>	75,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
<b>Germany</b>	93,1	91,7	100,0	23,1	19
<b>Iceland</b>	90,2	40,1	25,0	59,0	41
<b>Ireland</b>	90,9	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
<b>Netherlands</b>	97,7	0,0	80,0	24,7	0
<b>Norway</b>	94,7	36,5	100,0	87,1	74
<b>Portugal</b>	56,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
<b>Spain</b>	81,8	0,0	100,0	50,6	9
<b>Sweden</b>	100,0	0,0	100,0	58,3	2
<b>United Kingdom</b>	90,9	0,0	100,0	88,1	0
<i>mean</i>	<i>87,7</i>	<i>14,0</i>	<i>60,6</i>	<i>39,5</i>	<i>13</i>

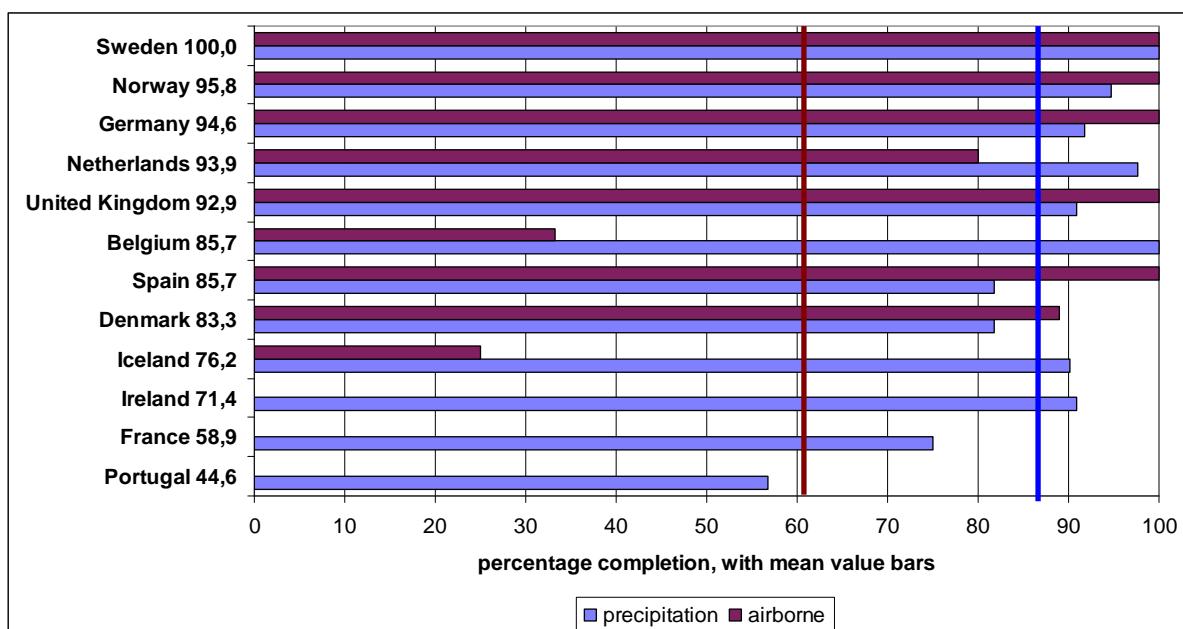


Figure 2.2: Graphical representation of completion of the Mandatory Programme.  
Number accompanying country is overall percentage completion ( $100=12$  months  $\times$  14 values)

## 2.3 Timeliness of reporting

Whilst the reporting of data for observations for the year 2006 does not appear to deviate greatly from the time schedule of the CAMP Principles (see Table 2.5), there was notable consequence of the particular mix of late reporting Countries for review of data at INPUT. Data for the southern North Sea was rather incomplete at that stage. Eight of twelve Contracting Parties reported according to schedule with a further one partially reporting according to schedule. A further one reported in time for data validation, and an eleventh reported before INPUT, but too late for inclusion in the draft report. The final country reported on the last day of INPUT. Table 2.6 gives an overview of the actual receipt of national observation reports.

*Table 2.5: Timetable for data reporting according to the CAMP Principles*

30 <sup>th</sup> June	Call for metadata and data issued from NILU (regarding new data and metadata), with instructions and reference to supporting software (e.g. where to find tools on the NILU website).
30th September	Participants submit data and metadata via email or on diskette, in specified formats.
31st October	NILU returns data and metadata via email or on diskette in the form of a 'validation report' to data originators for verification and signing off by the data originators within two weeks of reception.

*Table 2.6: Timeline of reporting of 2006 observations*

Contracting Party	Data delivered
<b>June 30 -Deadline for data request issue by NILU</b>	
Denmark	✓
France	✓
Germany <sup>a</sup>	✓
Iceland	✓
Ireland	✓
Netherlands <sup>a</sup>	✓a
Norway	✓
Spain	✓
Sweden	✓
<b>September 30 - Deadline for receipt of data</b>	
Belgium	✓
<b>October 31 - Deadline for issue of Validation Reports by NILU</b>	
NILU	✓
Netherlands <sup>a</sup>	✓
<b>January 4, 2008 - Reporting to INPUT by NILU</b>	
United Kingdom	✓
<b>January 2008 – INPUT, Stockholm</b>	
Portugal	✓
Germany <sup>a</sup>	✓
<b>March 2008 – Draft Report delivery to OSPAR for ASMO</b>	

*a partial reporting*

## 2.4 Reporting of additional components

Parties report a wider range of components than is covered by CAMP. This data is managed and stored by the Data Manager in the same way as for the regular data. Table 2.7 lists all components reported by Contracting Parties during 2006 (excluding major ions submitted for quality control, and components of no clear relevance to CAMP), this time divided by precipitation and airborne components. These are colour-coded to indicate their status as mandatory components (green), voluntary components (blue) or additional components (red), and are listed with the country code of Parties concerned.

In the main body of this report description is of observations of the Mandatory components alone. These are both tabulated and shown as maps. In the Appendices all observations from each country are listed, covering the Mandatory components, the Voluntary components, and additional components. Excluded are only the major ions which are reported solely to provide the potential for quality control, and compounds which are a part of other international programmes but which may be expected to lie outside the core interest of OSPAR, e.g. sulphates, ozone, PM measurements.

Precipitation Components							
		Mandatory	Voluntary	Additional			
<b>Airborne Components</b>							
aldrin	BE,DE	gamma_HCH	BE,DE,IS,NL,NO,SE	PCB_138	DE,IS,NO		
alpha_HCH	BE,DE,IS,NO	HCB	DE,IS,NO	PCB_153	DE,IS,NO		
aluminium	IE,IS	heptachlor	BE,DE	PCB_156	IS		
ammonium	BE,DE,DK,ES,FR,IE,IS,NL,NO,SE	inden_123cd_pyrene	DE	PCB_180	DE,IS,NO		
anthracene	DE	iron	DE,IS,	phenanthrene	DE		
benz_a_anthracene	DE	lead	BE,DE,DK,ES,FR,IE,IS,NL,NO,SE	pp_DDD	BE,DE,IS		
benzo_a_pyrene	DE	manganese	DE,IE,IS,SE	pp_DDE	BE,DE,IS		
benzo_gi_perlyene	DE	mercury	BE,DE,DK,FR,IE,IS,NL,NO,SE	pp_DDT	BE,DE,IS		
beta_HCH	IS	nickel	BE,DE,DK,ES,FR,IE,IS,NL,NO,SE	sum_DDT			
cadmium	BE,DE,DK,ES,FR,IE,IS,NL,NO,SE	nitrate	BE,DE,DK,ES,FR,IE,IS,NL,NO,SE	pyrene	DE		
chromium	BE,DE,DK,ES,FR,IE,IS,NL,NO,SE	op_DDT	DE,IS	trans_CD	IS		
cis_CD	IS	PCB_28	DE,IS,NO	trans_NO	IS		
cobalt	NO	PCB_31	IS	bph_26	IS		
copper	BE,DE,DK,ES,FR,IE,IS,NL,NO,SE	PCB_52	DE,IS,NO	bph_50	IS		
dieldrin	BE,DE,IS	PCB_101	DE,IS,NO	bph_62	IS		
endrin	BE,DE	PCB_105	IS	vanadium	IE,NO,SE		
fluoranthene	DE	PCB_118	DE,IS,NO	zinc	BE,DE,ES,FR,IE, IS,NL,NO,SE		

Table 2.7: All components for which at least one month's data was reported in 2006

### 3. Observed pollutant depositions at monitoring stations in 2006

This section describes air pollutant status at coastal stations around the North-East Atlantic in 2006. The annual average concentrations of contaminants subject to mandatory monitoring are listed and mapped, and deposition rates tabulated. Full sea deposition estimates from observations are supplied in section 4. Heavy metal concentrations and depositions in precipitation are presented in Tables 3.1-2, illustrated in Figures 3.1-3.7. Data for mercury is in Table 3.3 and Figure 3.8, and lindane in Table 3.4 and Figure 3.9. Nitrogen concentrations and depositions in precipitation are in Table 3.5, and are mapped in Figures 3.10-11. Colour coding highlights the two highest concentration/depositions, and the lowest concentration/deposition per pollutant.

#### 3.1 Heavy metals (except mercury)

Some patterns are observable. Low pollutant levels at GB0006 are not unexpected on the western coast of Northern Ireland. Extremes on Iceland likely are a reflection of localised geothermal activity in an otherwise remote location. High values on the Iberian peninsula are less easily explained. Consistent and high cadmium concentrations at Portuguese sites suggests an artefact. High observations at the Spanish site ES0008 might indicate a general but unexplained issue affecting all samples. High Irish values are an artefact of detection limits; actual values are expected to be much lower.

*Table 3.1: Reported mean concentrations of heavy metals in precipitation ( $\mu\text{g/l}$ ).*

2006		arsenic $\mu\text{g/l}$	cadmium $\mu\text{g/l}$	chromium $\mu\text{g/l}$	copper $\mu\text{g/l}$	lead $\mu\text{g/l}$		zinc $\mu\text{g/l}$	precipitation mm
<b>Belgium</b>	<i>BE0014R</i>	0,27	0,04	0,27	2,70	1,65	0,58	10,41	753
<b>Denmark</b>	<i>DK0008R</i>	0,19	0,03	0,30	0,83		9,02		522
	<i>DK0020R</i>		0,06	0,41	1,31		10,69		529
	<i>DK0031R</i>		0,02	0,21	0,53		5,65		1058
<b>France</b>	<i>FR0090R</i>		0,05	0,06	0,66	0,21	0,31	2,52	918
<b>Germany</b>	<i>DE0001R</i>	0,11	0,03	0,10	0,86	0,86	0,34	6,40	726
<b>Iceland</b>	<i>IS0090R</i>	0,12	0,01	0,19	2,62	0,44	0,74	4,18	949
	<i>IS0091R</i>	0,06	0,01	0,26	1,86	0,35	0,97	8,08	2313
<b>Ireland</b>	<i>IE0001R</i>	0,50	0,05	0,50	1,44	0,50	0,50	8,04	1757
<b>Netherlands</b>	<i>NL0009R</i>	0,30	0,06	0,40	1,63	1,61	0,36	6,70	788
	<i>NL0091R</i>	0,08	0,05	0,26	1,01	1,94	0,27	4,22	951
<b>Norway</b>	<i>NO0001R</i>	0,20	0,03	0,15	0,51	0,88	0,20	3,37	1816
<b>Portugal</b>	<i>PT0003R</i>				1,46	1,35	1,30	39,46	1344
	<i>PT0004R</i>	0,42			1,23	2,30	0,98	16,23	903
	<i>PT0010R</i>	0,42			1,83	0,65	1,19	38,96	1200
<b>Spain</b>	<i>ES0008R</i>	0,19	0,07	85,49	14,71	3,00	28,18	82,05	863
<b>Sweden</b>	<i>SE0097R</i>	0,05	0,03	0,14	0,80	0,65	0,21	5,00	1377
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<i>GB0006R</i>	0,22	0,01	0,11	0,41	0,23	0,13	1,58	1368
	<i>GB0013R</i>	0,10	0,02	0,08	0,38	0,53	0,30	3,21	1079
	<i>GB0017R</i>	0,14	0,03	0,13	1,94	1,05	0,43	6,16	556
	<i>GB0091R</i>	0,14	0,02	0,11	0,58	1,08	0,30	4,47	645

highest concentrations

second highest concentrations

lowest concentrations

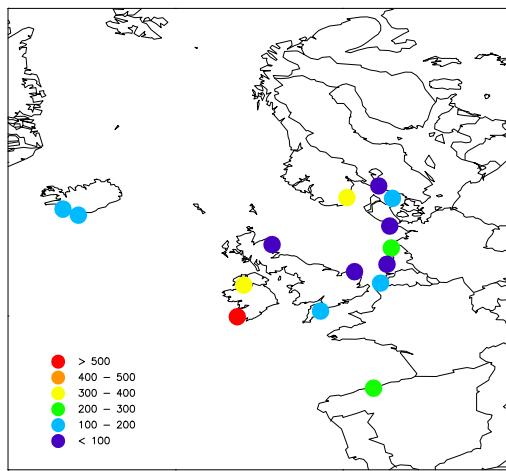


Figure 3.1: As depositions 2006,  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$  p.a.

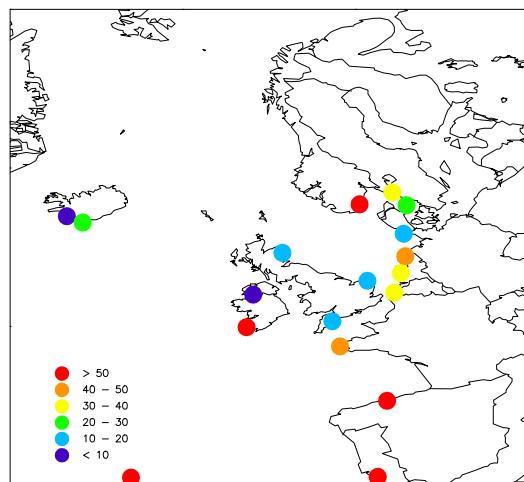


Figure 3.2: Cd depositions 2006,  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$  p.a.

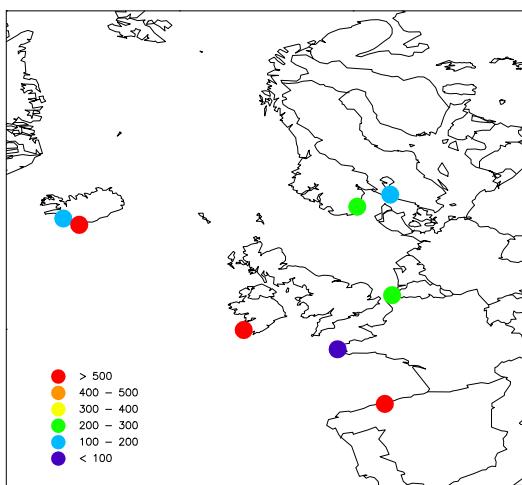


Figure 3.3: Cr depositions 2006,  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$  p.a.

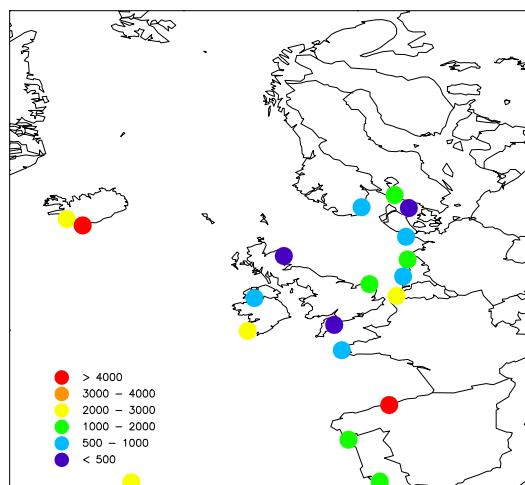


Figure 3.4: Cu depositions 2006,  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$  p.a

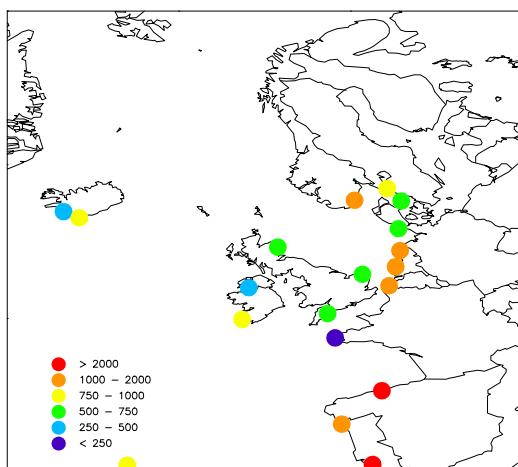


Figure 3.5: Pb depositions 2006,  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$  p.a.

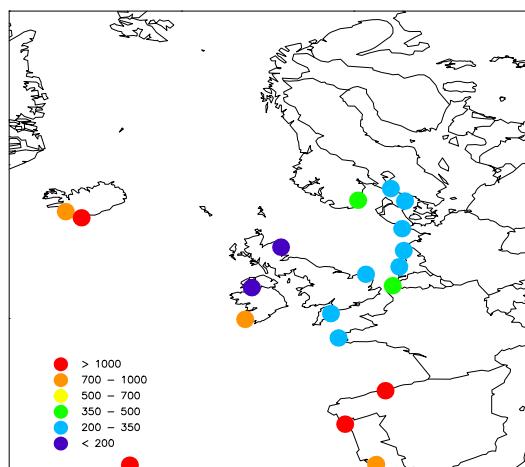


Figure 3.6: Ni depositions 2006,  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$  p.a.

NOTE: Figures display observed depositions. Refer to table 3.2 for no. of months data at each site

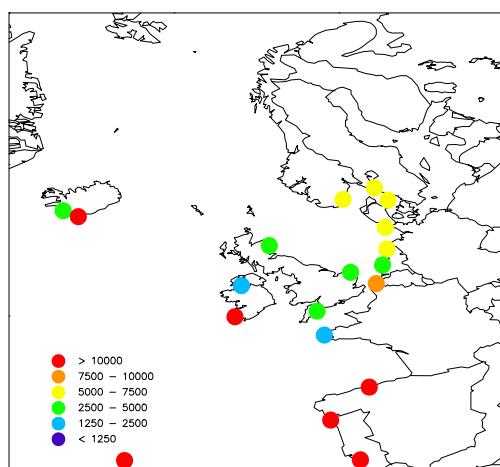


Figure 3.7: Zn depositions 2006,  $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$  p.a.

2006		arsenic $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$	cadmium $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$	chromium $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$	copper $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$	lead $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$	nickel $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$	zinc $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^2$	precipitation mm
Belgium	BE0014R	200	30	202	2035	1249	434	7860	753,13(12)
Denmark	DK0008R	138	22	221	618		6706		743
	DK0020R		32 <sup>a</sup>	219 <sup>a</sup>	695 <sup>a</sup>	893	5661 <sup>a</sup>	8554	529
	DK0031R		21	223	560		5971 <sup>a</sup>		1058
France	FR0090R		44	57	605	192	279	2315	918
Germany	DE0001R	78 <sup>a</sup>	20 <sup>a</sup>	73 <sup>a</sup>	621 <sup>a</sup>	622 <sup>a</sup>	244 <sup>a</sup>	4642 <sup>a</sup>	726
Iceland	IS0090R	116	10	181	2497	420	702	3976	949
	IS0091R	137	20	597	4328	820	2243	18654	2313
Ireland	IE0001R	877	88	877	2532	877	877	14105	1757
Netherlands	NL0009R	227	48	315	1281	1271	280	5274	788
	NL0091R	73	45	247	965	1848	260	4009	951
Norway	NO0001R	354	53	272	931	1600	355	6117	1816
Portugal	PT0003R				1968 <sup>a</sup>	1808 <sup>a</sup>	1751 <sup>a</sup>	53048 <sup>a</sup>	1344
	PT0004R		384 <sup>b</sup>		1114 <sup>b</sup>	2077 <sup>b</sup>	888 <sup>b</sup>	14659 <sup>b</sup>	903
	PT0010R		510 <sup>d</sup>		2187 <sup>d</sup>	773 <sup>d</sup>	1423 <sup>d</sup>	46682 <sup>d</sup>	1200
Spain	ES0008R	168	57	73714	12690	2594	24309	70768	863
Sweden	SE0097R	74	39	191	1096	890	292	6875	1377
United Kingdom	GB0006R	295 <sup>a</sup>	8 <sup>a</sup>	144 <sup>a</sup>	558 <sup>a</sup>	311 <sup>a</sup>	175 <sup>a</sup>	2159 <sup>a</sup>	1368
	GB0013R	109	18	85	414	567	328	3462	1079
	GB0017R	77 <sup>c</sup>	15 <sup>c</sup>	75 <sup>c</sup>	1077 <sup>c</sup>	584 <sup>c</sup>	240 <sup>c</sup>	3426 <sup>c</sup>	556
	GB0091R	92	15	69	372	694	190	2883	645

all 12 monthly samples except a=11months, b=10months, c=8months, d=6months

  highest depositions     second highest depositions     lowest depositions

Table 3.2: Reported mean annual depositions of heavy metals in precipitation ( $\text{mg}/\text{m}^2/\text{a}$ ). precipitation amounts are given in mm. No. months represented according to the key.

### 3.2 Mercury

The broad comparison in observed concentrations and depositions around the southern North Sea, from Norway around the coast to the United Kingdom, provides some reassurance as to the quality of these measurements. The basis, if there is any, for the slight division into two groups – Netherlands, Norway and Belgium, and Sweden, Germany and the UK, is not immediately apparent. Much higher reported concentrations for western Ireland would appear to reflect high detection limits; true concentrations and depositions are expected to be much lower. This latter difficulty, together with the absence of any observations by Parties outside the North Sea basin, precludes identification of levels elsewhere across the OSPAR area.

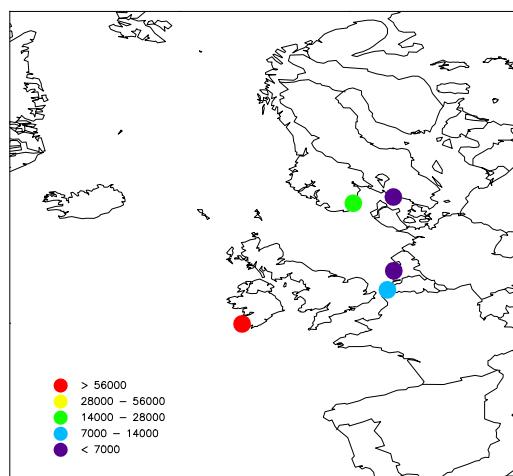


Figure 3.8: Mercury depositions 2006, ng/m<sup>2</sup> p.a.

Table 3.3: Reported depositions of mercury in precipitation (ng/m<sup>2</sup>), 2006, together with associated concentrations (ng/l). Ranked by deposition quantity.

2006		conc ng/l	prec mm	dep ng/m <sup>2</sup>
Ireland	IE0001R	50,00	1757	87714
Norway	NO0001R	8,08	1839	14858
Belgium	BE0014R	11,97	1046	12587
Netherlands	NL0091R	9,61	719	6874
Sweden	SE0014R	10,04	601	6029
Germany	DE0001R	8,58	700	6006
United Kingdom	GB0013R <sup>a</sup>	3,48	831	2894
Denmark		3,78	712	2696
France		•		
Iceland		•		
Portugal		•		
Spain		•		

a: ten months of observations

• no data reported

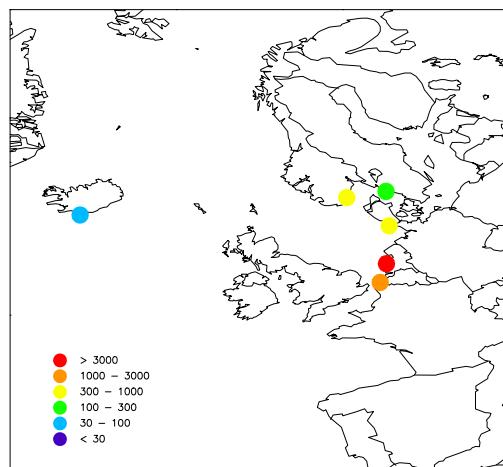
### 3.3 Lindane

There is a spatial pattern increasing towards the southern North Sea. Icelandic observations are very low in accordance with no local use and restricted distant transport. Values from Norway, Sweden and Germany are broadly comparable. The observed depositions on the Dutch and Belgian coasts remain elevated in 2006, despite methodological improvements which afford improved confidence in these observations. The decrease in depositions from 2004-6 across the region is reasonably consistent although, as the number of months of available data varies slightly for each year at each station for various quality control and operational reasons, the percentage decreases shown can only be indicative. At first glance only Norway shows no change in depositions. Without further information and detailed analysis it is not possible to fully explain this, although the particular high rainfall geography of the southern Norwegian coast can well be expected to play a role. Where longer records of lindane deposition in precipitation exist, such as at DE0001, a clear decrease can be seen since 1996.

*Table 3.4: Reported annual concentrations of  $\gamma$ -HCH in precipitation (precipitation-weighted: (ng/l) and deposition (ng/m<sup>2</sup>)) in decreasing order of deposition quantity, together with percentage change in reported deposition quantity since 2004.*

	concentration ng/l	precipitation mm	2006 deposition ng/m <sup>2</sup>	2005 deposition ng/m <sup>2</sup>	2004 deposition ng/m <sup>2</sup>	% change 2004-6
<b>Netherlands</b> NL0091R	3,38	850,7	<b>3240</b>	5008	4861	<b>-33,3</b>
<b>Belgium</b> BE0014R	2,13	1097,25	<b>2462</b>	4369	3083	<b>-20,1</b>
<b>Norway</b> NO0001R	0,47	1157,77	<b>850</b>	833	845	<b>0,6</b>
<b>Germany</b> DE0001R	1,03	584,20	<b>682</b>	798	943	<b>-27,7</b>
<b>Sweden</b> SE0014R wet+dry			<b>157</b>	197	299	<b>-47,5</b>
<b>Iceland</b> IS0091R	0,04	643,00	<b>31</b>	26	39	<b>-20,5</b>
<b>Denmark</b>	•					
<b>France</b>	•					
<b>Ireland</b>	•					
<b>Portugal</b>	•					
<b>Spain</b>	•					
<b>United Kingdom</b>	•					

• no data reported



*Figure 3.9: Lindane depositions 2006 ng//m<sup>2</sup>*

### 3.4 Overview of coastal depositions of toxic substances

Of the Mandatory substances, the metals excluding mercury have been reported by all countries. The depositions of these components in precipitation around the coasts of the OSPAR area can be summarised in terms of their highest and lowest values. In figure 3.10 this has been done. The red indicates in which countries the highest depositions have been observed, the yellow indicates the second highest depositions, and the blue indicates the lowest depositions in precipitation. The numbers indicate the number of pollutants for which the category applies; there being seven metal components in the Mandatory list, each colour is shown on seven occasions.

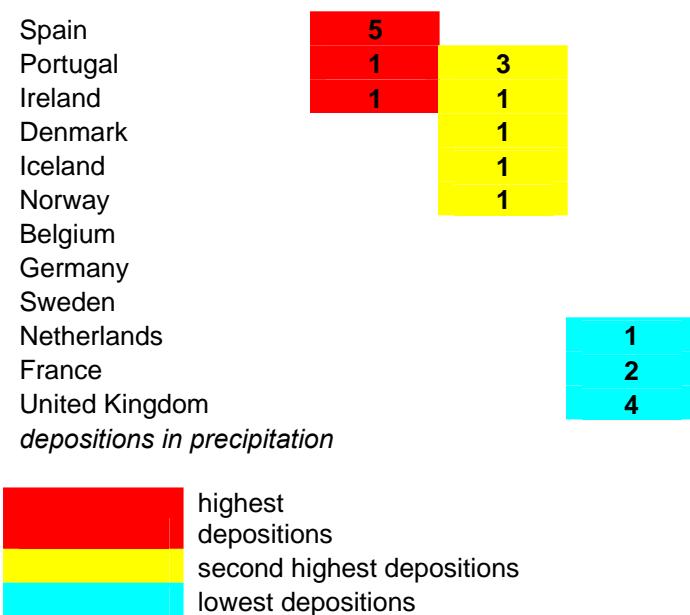


Figure 3.10: Ranking between countries of quantities of metals reported as deposited in precipitation. Numbers refer to the number of components to which the category applies.

The list is not surprising in many ways, considering the basic geography of the OSPAR area. The western extremes receive less metal deposition than the southern North Sea. What is more curious are the very high values in Spain and Ireland. At least a part of this picture is dictated by data quality, with some very high detection limits, and maybe other sampling and analysis problems. However, there is insufficient information to be categorical.

### 3.5 Nitrogen

Table 3.5: Mean annual nitrogen concentrations (mg/l) and depositions (mg/m<sup>2</sup>) nitrogen, 2006

2006		nitrate ammonium concentrations m g/l		precip mm	nitrate ammonium depositions m g/m <sup>2</sup>	
		nitrate	ammonium		m g/m <sup>2</sup>	m g/m <sup>2</sup>
<b>Belgium</b>	<i>BE0014R</i>	0,35	0,60	760	259,00	447,13
<b>Germany</b>	<i>DE0001R</i>	2,08	0,63	744	1548,90	471,90
<b>Denmark</b>	<i>DK0005R</i>	0,65	0,94	471	305,52	444,76
	<i>DK0008R</i>	0,42	0,28	687	291,18	190,54
	<i>DK0020R</i>	0,64	0,68	505	322,30	345,08
<b>France</b>	<i>FR0090R</i>	0,09	0,05	918	344,62	58,87
<b>Iceland</b>	<i>IS0090R</i>	0,09	0,38	880	82,28	331,93
	<i>IS0091R</i>	0,71	1,16	2475	1772,46	2887,50
<b>Ireland</b>	<i>IE0001R</i>	0,07	0,14	1757	129,07	243,38
<b>Netherlands</b>	<i>NL0009R</i>	0,40	0,77	594	235,26	458,58
	<i>NL0091R</i>	0,33	0,43	893	297,74	383,80
<b>Norway</b>	<i>NO0001R</i>	0,42	0,34	1838	775,46	624,08
	<i>NO0039R</i>	0,08	0,14	1218	93,06	167,43
	<i>NO0057R</i>	0,08	0,18	338	27,44	61,07
<b>Portugal</b>	<i>PT0003R</i>	0,07		1344	92,30	
	<i>PT0004R</i>	0,10	0,11	903	92,63	96,60
	<i>PT0010R</i>	0,03	0,09	1200	35,68	108,64
<b>Spain</b>	<i>ES0008R</i>	0,81	0,41	373	301,80	153,17
<b>Sweden</b>	<i>SE0014R</i>	0,44	0,53	752	328,07	394,89
<b>United Kingdom</b>	<i>GB0006R</i>	0,09	0,17	1376	124,36	237,10
	<i>GB0013R</i>	0,29	0,42	1068	304,24	445,04
	<i>GB0014R</i>	0,41	0,53	886	358,43	465,85
	<i>GB0016R</i>	0,53	0,68	702	373,46	479,23

highest      second highest      lowest

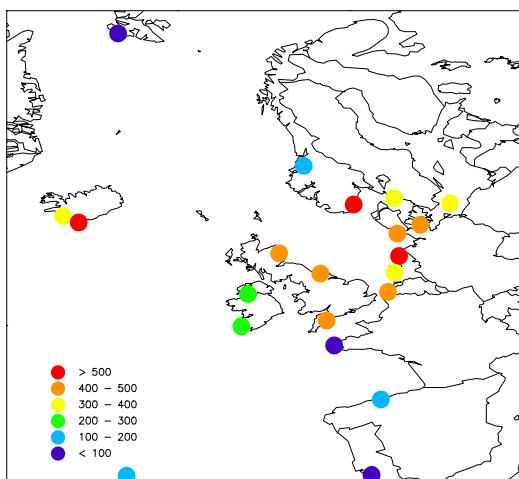


Figure 3.11: NH<sub>4</sub> depositions, mg N /m<sup>2</sup> p.a.

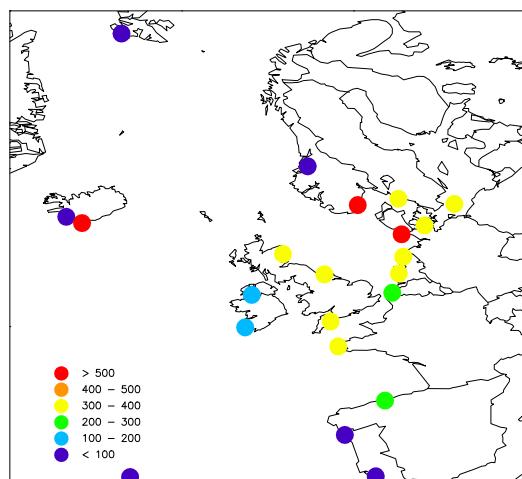


Figure 3.12: NO<sub>3</sub> depositions, mg N /m<sup>2</sup> p.a.

## 4. Estimated total North Sea depositions and temporal patterns

### 4.1 Total North Sea depositions

OSPAR has endorsed the estimation of pollutant loadings to the North Sea on the basis of known relationships with the observed pollutant depositions at CAMP monitoring stations. This approach, known as 'Method 3a', applies transfer coefficients to observed pollutant concentrations to estimate total wet plus dry basin deposition\*. Physical and chemical factors behind atmospheric transfer are inherent in the estimated transfer functions derived from modelling than being explicitly described. Combining estimates derived from several stations around the sea provides balance against overweighting from any single measurement.

The approach is suited to estimating total loadings and to estimating change, rather than providing detailed spatial descriptions, and is described in *Calculation of atmospheric inputs of contaminants to the North Sea 1987-92*, Oslo and Paris Commission (1994), Assessment and Monitoring Series, OSPAR publication 1994/25. In this section absolute estimates are given of deposition in 2006 of nitrogen and of the metal components on the mandatory list for precipitation (table 4.1), together with the proportional change since 2000 (figure 4.1).

Restricted year on year changes in nitrogen deposition are seen, although totals appear to have declined by around 20% since 2000. For metals, the picture is less clear. For some (e.g. arsenic, copper, lead) there appears a steady decline, whilst for others there is considerable year on year variability.

Table 4.1: Estimated total annual depositions to the North Sea basin in 2006, derived from measurements ('Method 3a'). Metals as tonnes per year, nitrogen as ktonnes per year.

	As	Cd	Cr	Cu	Ni	Pb	Zn	NO <sub>3</sub>	NH <sub>4</sub>	tot N
2006	39	8	47	235	82	300	1266	111	143	253

tonnes/year

1000 tonnes/year

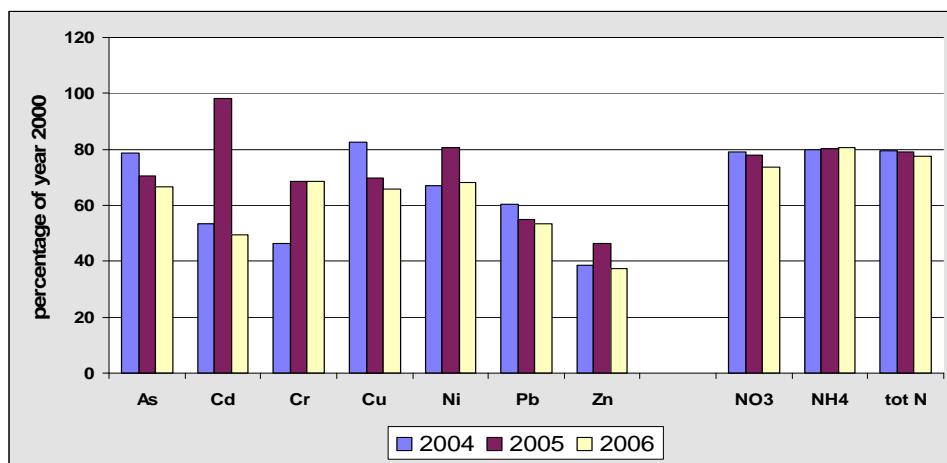


Figure 4.1: Estimated deposition change from 2000-2006, derived from observation('Method 3a')

\* 'Method 3a' combines dry and wet deposition for metals. Nitrogen uses wet deposition alone.

## 4.2 Seasonality in nitrogen deposition

Nitrogen has been selected here for displaying temporal trends. To provide information at the regional scale observations have been averaged across all stations found in the OSPAR Region. Separate North Sea and Atlantic seasonal curves will be presented at INPUT using late data.

Ammonium showed a late spring peak in depositions. For nitrate the peak is weaker, and occurs during the winter. It is to be noted that ammonium depositions in rainfall exceeded nitrate depositions by a ratio of approximately 2:1 during the spring peak. During winter months there was little consistent difference in concentrations.

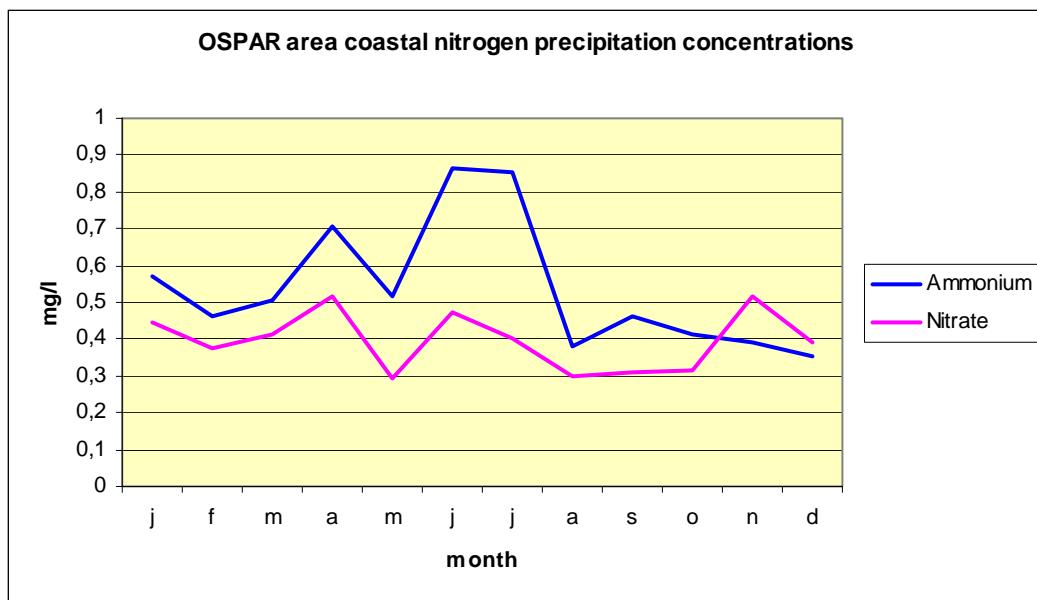


Figure 4.2: Seasonal pattern in precipitation nitrogen to the North Sea and NE Atlantic coasts in 2006

## 5. Final observations

Reporting of CAMP data for 2006 was more delayed than is usual. One third of sites which had reported 2005 observations had not reported 2006 observations by the 1<sup>st</sup> January 2007. Two Parties (UK, Portugal) reported no data until January, and one Party reported remaining voluntary and additional POP data in February (Germany). Several Parties do not report any data within the Voluntary Programme for components in Precipitation, or from the Mandatory Programme for airborne components. Mercury and Lindane, both on the Mandatory list for components in Precipitation, are reported by 8 and 7 of the 12 Parties, respectively.

Depositions of lindane appear to be showing a relatively consistent decline across most monitoring stations. That this decline is continuing seven years after final phase out of lindane in Europe is a demonstration of the benefit in maintaining monitoring programmes beyond timeframes of managerial action.

The seasonal patterns of nitrogen are much as would be expected, with an ammonium peak in the late spring, and a nitrate peak during the winter. The dominant role of ammonium in coastal locations is revealed in its 2:1 ratio to nitrate concentrations in the late spring period, when marine productivity would be high, and the approximate equal concentrations during the winter nitrate maximum. Since 2000, nitrogen depositions appear to have declined by as much as 20%, although year on year little change is observed. Changes are least for ammonium. Amongst metal components, the picture is less clear. Some components appear to show steady decline (e.g. arsenic, copper, lead), whilst others show considerable interannual variability.

As in previous years, some countries provided extensive reporting of components not required by CAMP (as mandatory or voluntary component). Some countries reported more non-CAMP than CAMP components. At the same time, some Mandatory list components remain unmonitored by some Parties.

## **Appendix A**

### **Reported monthly observations of mandatory, voluntary, and additionally reported components**

(Major ions used solely for quality assurance are not listed)

**Belgium  
Denmark  
France  
Germany  
Iceland  
Ireland  
Netherlands  
Norway  
Portugal  
Spain  
Sweden  
United Kingdom**

## BELGIUM

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### BELGIUM

#### Components in Precipitation

2006

Mandatory	station	units	month											
			january	february	march	april	may	june	July	august	september	october	november	december
ammonium nitrate precipitation nitrogen	BE0014R	mg/l	0,59	0,81	1,01	1,24	0,55	0,61	1,57	0,42	0,64	0,56	0,37	0,34
	BE0014R	mg/l	0,42	0,51	0,36	0,69	0,31	0,47	1,03	0,32	0,26	0,22	0,23	0,18
	BE0014R	mm	35,10	50,00	31,50	29,40	128,10	58,90	23,90	134,10	50,50	62,00	78,00	78,30
arsenic	BE0014R	µg/l	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,26	0,26	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27
cadmium	BE0014R	µg/l	0,05	0,05	0,06	0,14	0,04	0,04	0,07	0,03	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
chromium	BE0014R	µg/l	0,27	0,30	0,27	0,26	0,26	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27	0,27
copper	BE0014R	µg/l	2,89	1,93	2,15	4,17	1,68	2,96	7,14	2,19	4,80	3,29	2,95	1,50
lead	BE0014R	µg/l	1,60	0,86	1,33	4,62	1,37	1,46	2,09	0,92	0,89	6,15	1,00	0,57
mercury	BE0014R	ng/l	13,20	18,34	19,90	12,91	17,37	16,94	28,41	12,78	9,85	5,65	6,13	4,12
nickel	BE0014R	µg/l	1,02	1,32	0,27	2,76	0,33	0,27	0,76	0,41	0,50	0,51	0,39	0,27
zinc	BE0014R	µg/l	29,02	9,69	7,48	14,29	11,31	8,29	20,92	6,80	12,50	15,95	7,38	5,26
precipitation metals ex. Hg	BE0014R	mm	25,00	55,61	33,17	30,72	115,54	60,40	25,69	135,22	52,78	63,40	77,51	78,09
precipitation mercury	BE0014R	mm	10,50	89,99	5,10	34,56	129,51	48,69	56,59	201,82	97,74	111,24	128,38	131,64
g-HCH	BE0014R	ng/l	1,00	1,00	1,00	7,00	2,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	2,00	4,00	1,00	1,00
precipitation g-HCH	BE0014R	mm	46,56	76,32	22,72	122,08	154,88	69,60	39,68	198,08	34,72	124,96	93,92	153,44
<i>Percentage completion of mandatory programme</i>														<b>100,0</b>

#### Voluntary

2006

PCB_28	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_52	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_101	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_118	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_138	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_153	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_180	<i>not reported</i>
anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(ghi)perylene	<i>not reported</i>
chrysene+triphenylene	<i>not reported</i>
flouranthene	<i>not reported</i>
indeno(123cd)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
phenanthrene	<i>not reported</i>
pyrene	<i>not reported</i>

*Percentage completion of voluntary programme*

**0,0**

#### additional non-CAMP components

2006

aldrin	BE0014R	ng/l	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50
alpha_HCH	BE0014R	ng/l	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50
dieldrin	BE0014R	ng/l	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00
endrin	BE0014R	ng/l	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50	1,50
heptachlor	BE0014R	ng/l	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00
pp_DDD	BE0014R	ng/l	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50
pp_DDE	BE0014R	ng/l	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00
pp_DDT	BE0014R	ng/l	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50
precipitation	BE0014R	mm	10,50	37,62	5,10	12,69	65,98	18,76	19,78	97,82	28,91	46,26	33,24	55,45

*number of additional components reported*

**8**

**BELGIUM**

**Airborne components**

2006

<b>Mandatory</b>	<b>station</b>	<b>units</b>	<b>month</b>												<i>Percentage completion of mandatory programme</i>	<b>33,3</b>		
			january	february	march	april	may	june	july	august	september	october	november	december				
NO2	BE0011R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	8,83	7,30	5,78	4,87	5,78	4,87	4,87	3,35	6,09	6,09	6,09	6,70				
	BE0013R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	7,61	6,39	5,17	4,57	5,17	4,57	4,57	3,35	4,57	5,17	4,87	5,78				
HNO3			<i>not reported</i>															
NO3			<i>not reported</i>															
HNO3+NO3			<i>not reported</i>															
NH3			<i>not reported</i>															
NH4			<i>not reported</i>															
NH3+NH4			<i>not reported</i>															
															<i>Percentage completion of mandatory programme</i>			
															<b>33,3</b>			
<b>Voluntary</b>																		
2006																		
NO	BE0011R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	1,40	2,80	2,33	1,40	0,93	0,93	0,47	0,93	1,40	2,33	2,80	4,67				
	BE0013R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,93	1,87	1,87	0,93	0,93	0,93	0,47	0,93	0,93	1,40	2,33	3,27				
arsenic			<i>not reported</i>															
cadmium	BE0014R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	0,56	0,19	0,24	0,09	0,09	0,07	0,55	0,02	0,41	0,32	0,24	0,20				
chromium			<i>not reported</i>															
copper	BE0014R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	7,10	4,66	4,80	11,16	5,38	4,37	7,45	4,23	9,13	9,42	7,86	6,23				
lead	BE0014R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	22,25	14,27	16,40	10,64	19,98	9,93	12,77	4,44	15,43	13,66	12,37	8,51				
mercury	BE0014R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	2,02	2,48	2,04	1,95	2,01	1,70	1,87	1,63	2,00	2,22	2,22	2,00				
nickel	BE0014R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	2,25	3,70	3,20	4,84	8,25	9,18	9,67	2,75	7,08	36,07	2,55	2,46				
zinc	BE0014R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	50,08	29,57	40,82	33,74	55,33	34,58	39,60	7,70	54,68	43,08	24,53	27,21				
PCB_28			<i>not reported</i>															
PCB_52			<i>not reported</i>															
PCB_101			<i>not reported</i>															
PCB_118			<i>not reported</i>															
PCB_138			<i>not reported</i>															
PCB_153			<i>not reported</i>															
PCB_180			<i>not reported</i>															
anthracene			<i>not reported</i>															
benzo(a)anthracene			<i>not reported</i>															
benzo(a)pyrene			<i>not reported</i>															
benzo(ghi)perylene			<i>not reported</i>															
chrysene			<i>not reported</i>															
flouranthene			<i>not reported</i>															
g-HCH			<i>not reported</i>															
indeno(123cd)pyrene			<i>not reported</i>															
phenanthrene			<i>not reported</i>															
pyrene			<i>not reported</i>															
															<i>Percentage completion of voluntary programme</i>			
															<b>26,9</b>			





## FRANCE

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### FRANCE

#### Components in Precipitation

2006

Mandatory	station	units	month											
			january	february	march	april	may	june	july	august	september	october	november	december
ammonium	FR0090R	mg/l	0,08	0,05	0,04	0,06	0,02	0,14	0,06	0,04	0,18	0,08	0,07	0,02
nitrate	FR0090R	mg/l	0,58	0,26	0,23	0,25	0,10	0,68	0,99	0,23	1,16	0,39	0,44	0,23
precipitation <i>nitrogen</i>	FR0090R	mm	47,70	204,30	8,20	85,10	37,40	51,10	17,00	63,80	20,90	119,10	187,20	76,60
arsenic		<i>not reported</i>												
cadmium	FR0090R	µg/l	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,02	0,03	0,03	0,15	0,07	0,13	0,05	0,07	0,05
chromium	FR0090R	µg/l	0,07	0,05	0,08	0,10	0,11	0,17	0,27	0,09	0,06	0,03	0,02	0,03
copper	FR0090R	µg/l	1,35	0,51	0,41	0,95	1,05	1,15	1,35	0,76	0,70	0,35	0,55	0,31
lead	FR0090R	µg/l	0,23	0,27	0,31	0,38	0,42	0,23	0,27	0,23	0,15	0,08	0,15	0,05
mercury		<i>not reported</i>												
nickel	FR0090R	µg/l	0,59	0,11	0,16	0,33	0,43	0,42	0,97	0,48	0,30	0,40	0,24	0,21
zinc	FR0090R	µg/l	2,80	2,32	3,30	4,90	4,20	7,30	2,20	2,20	2,00	1,50	1,30	1,20
precipitation <i>all metals</i>	FR0090R	mm	47,70	204,30	8,20	85,10	37,40	51,10	17,00	63,80	20,90	119,10	187,20	76,60
g-HCH		<i>not reported</i>												

*Percentage completion of mandatory programme*

75,0

**Voluntary**  
2006

PCB_28	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_52	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_101	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_118	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_138	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_153	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_180	<i>not reported</i>
anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(ghi)perylene	<i>not reported</i>
chrysene+triphenalylene	<i>not reported</i>
flouranthene	<i>not reported</i>
indeno(123cd)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
phenanthrene	<i>not reported</i>
pyrene	<i>not reported</i>

*Percentage completion of voluntary programme*

0,0

**FRANCE**

**Airborne components**

Mandatory	station	units	month												<i>Percentage completion of mandatory programme</i>	<b>0,00</b>
			january	february	march	april	may	june	july	august	september	october	november	december		
NO2			<i>not reported</i>													
HNO3			<i>not reported</i>													
NO3			<i>not reported</i>													
HNO3+NO3			<i>not reported</i>													
NH3			<i>not reported</i>													
NH4			<i>not reported</i>													
NH3+NH4			<i>not reported</i>													
<b>Voluntary</b>																
NO			<i>not reported</i>													
arsenic			<i>not reported</i>													
cadmium			<i>not reported</i>													
chromium			<i>not reported</i>													
copper			<i>not reported</i>													
lead			<i>not reported</i>													
mercury			<i>not reported</i>													
nickel			<i>not reported</i>													
zinc			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_28			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_52			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_101			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_118			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_138			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_153			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_180			<i>not reported</i>													
anthracene			<i>not reported</i>													
benzo(a)anthracene			<i>not reported</i>													
benzo(a)pyrene			<i>not reported</i>													
benzo(ghi)perylene			<i>not reported</i>													
chrysene			<i>not reported</i>													
flouranthene			<i>not reported</i>													
g-HCH			<i>not reported</i>													
indeno(123cd)pyrene			<i>not reported</i>													
phenanthrene			<i>not reported</i>													
pyrene			<i>not reported</i>													
<i>Percentage completion of voluntary programme</i>															<b>0,00</b>	









## IRELAND

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### IRELAND

#### Components in Precipitation

2006

Mandatory	station	units	month											
			january	february	march	april	may	june	july	august	september	october	november	december
ammonium	IE0001R	mg/l	0,08	0,06	0,27	0,13	0,09	2,12	0,07	0,09	0,03	0,04	0,06	0,07
nitrate	IE0001R	mg/l	0,10	0,03	0,07	0,12	0,10	0,16	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,10	0,07	0,04
precipitation <i>nitrogen</i>	IE0001R	mm	145,00	87,00	149,00	79,00	201,00	48,00	102,00	53,00	264,00	171,00	233,00	225,00
arsenic	IE0001R	µg/l	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50
cadmium	IE0001R	µg/l	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05	0,05
chromium	IE0001R	µg/l	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50
copper	IE0001R	µg/l	3,10	3,70	0,50	2,40	0,50	4,50	4,10	0,50	1,60	0,50	0,50	0,50
lead	IE0001R	µg/l	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50
mercury	IE0001R	ng/l	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00	50,00
nickel	IE0001R	µg/l	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50
zinc	IE0001R	µg/l	18,20	12,00	10,70	0,50	4,80	16,30	7,90	0,50	4,70	6,50	11,40	5,40
precipitation <i>all metals</i>	IE0001R	mm	145,00	87,00	149,00	79,00	201,00	48,00	102,00	53,00	264,00	171,00	233,00	225,00

g-HCH

*not reported*

*Percentage completion of mandatory programme*

**90,9**

#### Voluntary 2006

PCB_28	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_52	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_101	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_118	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_138	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_153	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_180	<i>not reported</i>
anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<i>not reported</i>
chrysene+triphenalynne	<i>not reported</i>
flouranthene	<i>not reported</i>
indeno(123cd)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
phenanthrene	<i>not reported</i>
pyrene	<i>not reported</i>

*Percentage completion of voluntary programme*

**0,0**

#### additional non-CAMP components 2006

aluminium	IE0001R	µg/l	25,00	19,10	17,40	38,70	25,00	72,90	25,00	23,60	21,50	16,90	22,90	15,90
manganese	IE0001R	µg/l	4,20	9,40	4,10	6,90	3,50	13,60	3,40	7,30	2,50	3,20	4,20	2,30
vanadium	IE0001R	µg/l	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	2,20	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50

*number of additional components reported*

**3**

**IRELAND**

**Airborne components**

<b>Mandatory</b>	<b>station</b>	<b>units</b>	<b>month</b>												<i>Percentage completion of mandatory programme</i>	<b>0,00</b>
			january	february	march	april	may	june	July	august	september	october	november	december		
NO2			<i>not reported</i>													
HNO3			<i>not reported</i>													
NO3			<i>not reported</i>													
HNO3+NO3			<i>not reported</i>													
NH3			<i>not reported</i>													
NH4			<i>not reported</i>													
NH3+NH4			<i>not reported</i>													
<i>Percentage completion of mandatory programme</i>															<b>0,00</b>	
<b>Voluntary</b>																
NO			<i>not reported</i>													
arsenic			<i>not reported</i>													
cadmium			<i>not reported</i>													
chromium			<i>not reported</i>													
copper			<i>not reported</i>													
lead			<i>not reported</i>													
mercury			<i>not reported</i>													
nickel			<i>not reported</i>													
zinc			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_28			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_52			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_101			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_118			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_138			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_153			<i>not reported</i>													
PCB_180			<i>not reported</i>													
anthracene			<i>not reported</i>													
benzo(a)anthracene			<i>not reported</i>													
benzo(a)pyrene			<i>not reported</i>													
benzo(ghi)perylene			<i>not reported</i>													
chrysene			<i>not reported</i>													
flouranthene			<i>not reported</i>													
g-HCH			<i>not reported</i>													
indeno(123cd)pyrene			<i>not reported</i>													
phenanthrene			<i>not reported</i>													
pyrene			<i>not reported</i>													
<i>Percentage completion of voluntary programme</i>															<b>0,00</b>	

## NETHERLANDS

### **NETHERLANDS**

#### **Components in Precipitation**

<b>Mandatory</b>	<b>station</b>	<b>units</b>	<b>month</b>											
			january	february	march	april	may	june	july	august	september	october	november	december
ammonium	NL0009R	mg/l	0,79	0,88	1,03	1,45	1,26		1,67	0,59	0,48	0,57	0,51	0,49
	NL0091R	mg/l	0,86	0,40	0,49	1,02	0,43	1,17	0,52	0,32	0,35	0,35	0,29	0,29
nitrate	NL0009R	mg/l	0,55	0,45	0,41	0,62	0,45		0,78	0,32	0,31	0,37	0,33	0,31
	NL0091R	mg/l	0,75	0,41	0,36	0,63	0,29	0,70	0,47	0,25	0,33	0,26	0,25	0,26
precipitation <i>nitrogen</i>	NL0009R	mm	18,75	23,30	48,79	45,13	57,79	44,12	44,19	181,27	56,41	89,95	83,00	62,19
	NL0091R	mm	14,35	52,40	66,66	45,96	84,27	37,93	39,11	184,34	88,48	106,30	114,11	90,51
arsenic	NL0009R	µg/l	0,17	0,31	0,29	0,98	0,69	0,59	0,37	0,11	0,27	0,28	0,08	0,15
	NL0091R	µg/l	0,08	0,08	0,08	0,09	0,08	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,08	0,08	0,08	0,08
cadmium	NL0009R	µg/l	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,10	0,09	0,15	0,08	0,05	0,06	0,04	0,03	0,05
	NL0091R	µg/l	0,07	0,05	0,03	0,04	0,04	0,06	0,02	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,06	0,05
chromium	NL0009R	µg/l	0,26	0,50	0,38	0,77	0,62	0,34	0,53	0,32	0,48	0,29	0,28	0,45
	NL0091R	µg/l	0,26	0,26	0,26	0,26	0,26	0,29	0,36	0,26	0,26	0,26	0,26	0,26
copper	NL0009R	µg/l	1,94	2,03	1,41	1,95	3,73	6,49	1,74	0,76	1,18	0,98	0,56	1,14
	NL0091R	µg/l	1,39	2,07	2,15	1,32	0,74	1,58	1,29	0,49	0,81	0,91	0,83	0,85
lead	NL0009R	µg/l	1,53	1,84	1,97	4,08	3,61	2,74	2,27	0,91	1,69	1,17	0,55	0,95
	NL0091R	µg/l	2,90	2,12	1,20	1,95	1,65	2,72	1,80	1,83	1,69	1,90	2,39	1,60
mercury	NL0009R	ng/l	8,59	7,26	8,89	12,25	14,55	16,77	29,28	8,00	14,55	7,56	4,70	5,49
	NL0091R	ng/l	0,39	0,39	0,29	0,87	0,64	0,55	0,60	0,23	0,38	0,23	0,21	0,24
nickel	NL0009R	µg/l	0,60	0,23	0,21	0,44	0,22	0,46	0,21	0,21	0,24	0,21	0,25	0,52
	NL0091R	µg/l	8,33	8,63	5,95	12,36	11,84	13,72	8,01	3,19	5,78	6,50	3,77	6,65
zinc	NL0009R	µg/l	6,94	3,07	4,83	6,99	2,13	8,03	4,35	2,61	2,69	2,98	4,71	6,03
	NL0091R	µg/l	10,50	49,20	50,70	48,50	74,20	29,90	29,50	148,60	17,50	76,00	90,30	93,80
g-HCH	NL0091R	ng/l	50,00	39,70	74,00	39,60	59,70	40,50	23,00	158,50	43,20	143,40	238,00	52,60
<i>Percentage completion of mandatory programme</i>													<b>97,7</b>	

### **Voluntary**

PCB_28	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_52	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_101	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_118	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_138	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_153	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_180	<i>not reported</i>
anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(ghi)perylene	<i>not reported</i>
chrysene+triphenalene	<i>not reported</i>
flouranthene	<i>not reported</i>
indeno(123cd)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
phenanthrene	<i>not reported</i>
pyrene	<i>not reported</i>

*Percentage completion of voluntary programme*

**0,0**

**NETHERLANDS**

**Airborne components**

**2006**

<b>Mandatory</b>	<b>station</b>	<b>units</b>	<b>month</b>											
			january	february	march	april	may	june	july	august	september	october	november	december
NO2	NL0009R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	5,62	3,44	2,66	2,31	2,31	1,63	1,80	1,58	3,99	3,87	4,25	3,42
	NL0091R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	9,93	6,42	6,15	5,41	5,62	3,54	5,23	3,49	7,11	6,74	6,28	6,15
HNO3		<i>not reported</i>												
	NL0009R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	4,55	3,73	3,01	3,76	2,83	2,63	2,77	2,11	5,04	4,14	2,33	2,65
NO3	NL0091R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	3,63	2,67	2,20	2,30	2,10	2,13	1,84	0,99	2,55	2,59	1,58	2,04
		<i>not reported</i>												
HNO3+NO3														
	NL0091R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	0,66	0,67	1,58	0,56	1,83	1,77	3,00	1,19	5,04	2,14	0,90	0,49
NH3	NL0009R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	2,44	1,87	1,54	1,46	1,47	1,46	1,73	1,14	2,24	1,92	1,00	1,21
	NL0091R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	1,79	1,50	1,12	0,99	1,18	1,21	1,52	0,66	1,26	1,57	0,75	1,13
<i>NH3+NH4</i>														
<i>not reported</i>														

*Percentage completion of mandatory programme*

**80,0**

**Voluntary**

**2006**

NO	NL0009R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	1,38	0,40	0,25	0,35	0,27	0,26	0,26	0,22	0,67	1,08	0,67	0,17
	NL0091R	µg/m <sup>3</sup>	6,00	1,86	1,18	0,76	0,93	0,54	0,63	0,73	1,65	3,75	1,65	3,70
arsenic	NL0009R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	0,58	0,41	0,33	0,40	0,32	0,44	0,29	1,05	0,86	0,45	0,29	
	NL0009R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	0,17	0,11	0,18	0,13	0,11	0,10	0,08	0,22	0,22	0,16	0,11	
cadmium														
chromium														
copper														
lead	NL0009R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	6,06	4,81	5,45	5,00	3,52	4,33	3,46	9,43	7,87	5,56	5,00	
		<i>not reported</i>												
mercury														
nickel	NL0009R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	1,55	1,32	1,87	1,75	2,02	2,37	1,58	1,67	1,42	1,24	0,94	
	NL0009R	ng/m <sup>3</sup>	20,94	17,02	21,01	18,26	18,28	16,48	14,08	25,05	31,99	17,36	17,23	
<i>PCB_28</i>														
<i>PCB_52</i>														
<i>PCB_101</i>														
<i>PCB_118</i>														
<i>PCB_138</i>														
<i>PCB_153</i>														
<i>PCB_180</i>														
<i>anthracene</i>														
<i>benzo(a)anthracene</i>														
<i>benzo(a)pyrene</i>														
<i>benzo(ghi)perylene</i>														
<i>chrysene</i>														
<i>flouranthene</i>														
<i>g-HCH</i>														
<i>indeno(123cd)pyrene</i>														
<i>phenanthrene</i>														
<i>pyrene</i>														

*Percentage completion of voluntary programme*

**24,7**







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## PORTUGAL

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### PORtugal

#### Components in Precipitation

Mandatory	station	units	month											
			january	february	march	april	may	june	July	august	september	october	november	december
ammonium	PT0003R	mg/l	<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0004R		<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0010R		<i>not yet received</i>											
nitrate	PT0003R	mg/l	<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0004R		<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0010R		<i>not yet received</i>											
precipitation <i>nitrogen</i>	PT0003R	mm	<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0004R		<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0010R		<i>not yet received</i>											
arsenic cadmium	PT0003R	µg/l	<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0004R		<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0010R		<i>not yet received</i>											
chromium copper	PT0003R	µg/l	<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0004R		<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0010R		<i>not yet received</i>											
lead	PT0003R	µg/l	<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0004R		<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0010R		<i>not yet received</i>											
mercury nickel	PT0003R	µg/l	<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0004R		<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0010R		<i>not yet received</i>											
zinc	PT0003R	µg/l	<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0004R		<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0010R		<i>not yet received</i>											
precipitation <i>all metals</i>	PT0003R	mm	<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0004R		<i>not yet received</i>											
	PT0010R		<i>not yet received</i>											

*Percentage completion of mandatory programme*

**0,0**

#### Voluntary

PCB_28	<i>not yet received</i>
PCB_52	<i>not yet received</i>
PCB_101	<i>not yet received</i>
PCB_118	<i>not yet received</i>
PCB_138	<i>not yet received</i>
PCB_153	<i>not yet received</i>
PCB_180	<i>not yet received</i>
anthracene	<i>not yet received</i>
benzo(a)anthracene	<i>not yet received</i>
benzo(a)pyrene	<i>not yet received</i>
benzo(ghi)perylene	<i>not yet received</i>
chrysene+triphenalene	<i>not yet received</i>
flouranthene	<i>not yet received</i>
indeno(123cd)pyrene	<i>not yet received</i>
phenanthrene	<i>not yet received</i>
pyrene	<i>not yet received</i>

*Percentage completion of voluntary programme*

**0,0**

**PORUGAL**

**Airborne components**

<b>Mandatory</b>	<b>station</b>	<b>units</b>	january	february	march	april	may	june	month	august	september	october	november	december
									July					
NO2			<i>not reported</i>											
HNO3			<i>not reported</i>											
NO3			<i>not reported</i>											
HNO3+NO3			<i>not reported</i>											
NH3			<i>not reported</i>											
NH4			<i>not reported</i>											
NH3+NH4			<i>not reported</i>											
<i>Percentage completion of mandatory programme</i>													<b>0,00</b>	
<hr/>														
<b>Voluntary</b>														
NO			<i>not reported</i>											
arsenic			<i>not reported</i>											
cadmium			<i>not reported</i>											
chromium			<i>not reported</i>											
copper			<i>not reported</i>											
lead			<i>not reported</i>											
mercury			<i>not reported</i>											
nickel			<i>not reported</i>											
zinc			<i>not reported</i>											
PCB_28			<i>not reported</i>											
PCB_52			<i>not reported</i>											
PCB_101			<i>not reported</i>											
PCB_118			<i>not reported</i>											
PCB_138			<i>not reported</i>											
PCB_153			<i>not reported</i>											
PCB_180			<i>not reported</i>											
anthracene			<i>not reported</i>											
benzo(a)anthracene			<i>not reported</i>											
benzo(a)pyrene			<i>not reported</i>											
benzo(ghi)perylene			<i>not reported</i>											
chrysene			<i>not reported</i>											
flouranthene			<i>not reported</i>											
g-HCH			<i>not reported</i>											
indeno(123cd)pyrene			<i>not reported</i>											
phenanthrene			<i>not reported</i>											
pyrene			<i>not reported</i>											
<i>Percentage completion of voluntary programme</i>													<b>0,00</b>	

## SPAIN

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### SPAIN

#### Components in Precipitation

2006

Mandatory	station	units	month											
			january	february	march	april	may	june	July	august	september	october	november	december
ammonium nitrate precipitation nitrogen	ES0008R	mg/l	0.71	0.27	0.30	0.52	0.81	1.40	1.46	0.58	0.20	0.13	0.22	0.14
	ES0008R	mg/l	0.71	0.78	0.50	1.83	2.27	2.44	1.19	0.87	0.71	0.33	0.43	0.76
	ES0008R	mm	21,40	42,20	14,60	54,40	16,20	8,60	20,40	16,00	41,40	75,60	15,00	39,80
arsenic	ES0008R	µg/l	0,77	0,14	0,15	0,20	0,30	0,32	0,11	0,07	0,36	0,04	0,09	0,15
cadmium	ES0008R	µg/l	0,07	0,14	0,05	0,07	0,08	0,18	0,05	0,06	0,08	0,03	0,04	0,02
chromium	ES0008R	µg/l	166,27	9,94	131,14	150,55	21,78	87,96	153,64	187,82	84,66	51,42	44,86	64,10
copper	ES0008R	µg/l	13,42	34,83	17,82	10,49	13,87	20,19	7,45	11,69	13,07	8,68	14,02	10,79
lead	ES0008R	µg/l	3,57	6,11	4,82	2,61	2,09	10,44	1,73	1,65	6,28	0,75	0,84	1,06
mercury		ng/l	<i>not reported</i>											
nickel	ES0008R	µg/l	25,07	16,64	27,14	31,33	17,62	33,65	32,43	36,92	20,50	7,20	17,29	77,62
zinc	ES0008R	µg/l	149,17	73,58	102,73	50,18	49,64	176,23	68,28	90,43	54,57	184,35	31,92	45,06
precipitation metals	ES0008R	mm	54,22	98,13	39,17	112,62	25,73	36,23	58,87	27,26	70,28	102,85	140,06	97,13
g-HCH		<i>not reported</i>												
		<i>Percentage completion of mandatory programme</i>												<b>81,8</b>

#### Voluntary

PCB_28	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_52	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_101	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_118	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_138	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_153	<i>not reported</i>
PCB_180	<i>not reported</i>
anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)anthracene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(a)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
benzo(ghi)perylene	<i>not reported</i>
chrysene+triphenalyne	<i>not reported</i>
flouranthene	<i>not reported</i>
indeno(123cd)pyrene	<i>not reported</i>
phenanthrene	<i>not reported</i>
pyrene	<i>not reported</i>

*Percentage completion of voluntary programme*

**0,0**



## SWEDEN

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### SWEDEN

#### Components in Precipitation

Mandatory		station	units	month												Percentage completion of mandatory programme
				january	february	march	april	may	june	july	august	september	october	november	december	
ammonium	SE0014R	mg/l	0,90	0,32	0,27	1,15	0,47	0,53	2,83	0,26	0,58	0,25	0,33	0,34		
nitrate	SE0014R	mg/l	0,97	0,50	0,37	0,90	0,41	0,40	0,18	0,25	0,59	0,33	0,50	0,44		
precipitation <i>nitrogen</i>	SE0014R	mm	20,20	41,80	20,30	45,40	23,60	28,40	39,20	116,70	46,20	138,50	122,50	108,90		
arsenic	SE0097R	µg/l	0,11	0,03	0,03	0,12	0,03	0,12	0,03	0,03	0,03	0,12	0,03	0,03	0,03	
cadmium	SE0097R	µg/l	0,07	0,06	0,04	0,06	0,04	0,05	0,02	0,02	0,03	0,02	0,01	0,01	0,01	
chromium	SE0097R	µg/l	0,09	0,20	0,23	0,30	0,20	0,36	0,26	0,08	0,23	0,08	0,05	0,05	0,05	
copper	SE0097R	µg/l	0,36	0,90	2,32	0,78	1,28	3,50	0,63	1,02	1,17	0,91	0,39	0,33		
lead	SE0097R	µg/l	1,11	1,30	0,79	0,91	0,53	0,90	0,49	0,63	0,63	0,51	0,63	0,55	0,46	
mercury	SE0014R	ng/l	14,00	12,50	12,50	20,20	16,30	14,30	16,60	8,10	9,80	6,10	5,50	6,80		
nickel	SE0097R	µg/l	0,21	0,31	0,38	0,27	0,31	0,70	0,07	0,14	0,47	0,16	0,16	0,16	0,16	
zinc	SE0097R	µg/l	4,59	9,32	8,97	5,37	8,27	16,15	6,44	3,89	10,14	4,15	2,30	2,16		
precipitation <i>all metals</i>	SE0097R	mm	81,00	40,00	53,00	136,00	92,00	10,00	122,00	129,00	95,00	196,00	200,00	223,00		
precipitation <i>Hg</i>	SE0014R	mm	16,00	20,10	23,20	43,50	40,40	28,80	34,70	101,20	39,20	110,60	86,30	56,70		
g-HCH*	SE0014R	ng/m <sup>2</sup> /day	0,03	0,06	0,04	0,17	0,53	0,37	0,52	0,86	0,61	0,95	0,33	0,53		

\* measurement is of combined wet plus dry deposition

#### Voluntary 2006

PCB_28	not reported
PCB_52	not reported
PCB_101	not reported
PCB_118	not reported
PCB_138	not reported
PCB_153	not reported
PCB_180	not reported
anthracene	not reported
benzo(a)anthracene	not reported
benzo(a)pyrene	not reported
benzo(ghi)perylene	not reported
chrysene-triphenalene	not reported
flouranthene	not reported
indeno(123cd)pyrene	not reported
phenanthrene	not reported
pyrene	not reported

Percentage completion of mandatory programme

**100,0**

#### additional non-CAMP components

Percentage completion of voluntary programme																0,0
2006																
manganese	SE0097R	µg/l	0,80	0,80	1,30	1,60	3,40	10,90	1,80	1,40	3,60	1,10	0,70	0,60		
vanadium	SE0097R	µg/l	0,88	0,66	1,15	1,29	0,70	0,86	0,41	0,39	0,67	0,61	0,70	0,65		
precipitation <i>metals</i>	SE0097R	mm	81,00	40,00	53,00	136,00	92,00	10,00	122,00	129,00	95,00	196,00	200,00	223,00		

number of additional components reported

2









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ABSTRACT Report of the observations of airborne pollutants around the OSPAR coastlines, 2006. Displays the estimated deposition of nutrient, heavy metal and organic pollutants around the coast, together with estimates of the total load to the North Sea of pollutants from the atmosphere. There is indication of decline in pollutant loads.			
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